(Note)

This is an English translation of the Japanese original for reference purpose only. In the event of any discrepancy between the English translation and the Japanese original, the original shall prevail. The Company assumes no responsibility for the translation or for direct, indirect or any other forms of damages arising from the translation.

(Securities Code: 1979)

June 7, 2023

(Commencement date of electronic provision measures: May 31, 2023)

To Shareholders:

Masashi Osada Representative Director, President Taikisha Ltd. 8-17-1, Nishi-Shinjuku, Shinjuku-ku, Tokyo, Japan

# NOTICE OF THE 78TH ANNUAL SHAREHOLDERS' MEETING

Please be informed that the 78th Annual Shareholders' Meeting of Taikisha Ltd. (the "Company") will be held as described below.

In convening this Shareholders' Meeting, the Company has taken measures for electronic provision and has posted the matters subject to electronic provision on the following website on the Internet as the "Notice of the 78th Annual Shareholders' Meeting of Taikisha Ltd."

[The Company's website]

https://www.taikisha-group.com/ir/stock/meeting/

In addition to the above website, the matters subject to electronic provision are also made available on the following website on the Internet.

[Tokyo Stock Exchange's website]

https://www2.jpx.co.jp/tseHpFront/JJK020010Action.do?Show=Show

(Please access the above the Tokyo Stock Exchange's website, enter "Taikisha" into "Issue name (company name)" or "1979" into "Code," and click "search," select "Basic information" and "Documents for public inspection/PR information" in that order to find "Notice of General Shareholders Meeting /Informational Materials for a General Shareholders Meeting" in the "Filed information available for public inspection" section.

Please review the Reference Documents for the Shareholders' Meeting stated in the matters subject to electronic provision and exercise your voting rights in advance via the Internet or in writing by no later than 5:45 p.m. on Wednesday, June 28, 2023, Japan time. From the perspective of preventing the spread of coronavirus disease (COVID-19), we sincerely ask all shareholders to exercise your voting rights in advance via the Internet or in writing.

1. Date and Time: Thursday, June 29, 2023, at 10 a.m. Japan time 43rd floor, "Moon Light" Keio Plaza Hotel, loc

43rd floor, "Moon Light" Keio Plaza Hotel, located at 2-2-1, Nishi-Shinjuku, Shinjuku-ku, Tokyo, Japan

3. Meeting Agenda:

**Matters for Reporting:** 

- (1) The Business Report, the Consolidated Financial Statements for the 78th Fiscal Year (from April 1, 2022, to March 31, 2023) and the results of audits by the Accounting Auditor and the Audit & Supervisory Board of the Consolidated Financial Statements
- (2) The Non-consolidated Financial Statements for the 78th Fiscal Year (from April 1, 2022, to March 31, 2023)

**Matters for Resolution:** 

Proposal No. 1: Appropriation of Surplus Proposal No. 2: Election of Eight (8) Directors

### **Proposal No. 3:** Election of One (1) Audit & Supervisory Board Member

#### (Notes)

- 1. Upon arrival on the day of the meeting, please submit the enclosed Voting Rights Exercise Form at the reception desk of the venue for confirmation.
- 2. If there is no indication of your vote for or against each proposal in the Voting Rights Exercise Form, the Company will deem that you have voted for the proposals.
- 3. The document shareholders are receiving also serves as the document in which the matters subject to electronic provision are stated, based on shareholders' requests for delivery of the paper copy.
- 4. In the event of any revisions to the matters subject to electronic provision, the revised information will be posted on the respective websites where such matters are posted.

# Reference Documents for the Shareholders' Meeting

#### Proposals and References

#### Proposal No. 1: Appropriation of Surplus

The Company proposes to distribute a year-end dividend with due consideration to the operating results to reflect our appreciation of shareholders' continued support.

The annual dividend, therefore, will be \frac{\pmathbb{4}}{121} per share, a year-on-year increase of \frac{\pmathbb{2}}{21} per share, including the interim dividend of \frac{\pmathbb{4}}{50} per share already paid.

Meanwhile, to prepare for future business development, the Company proposes to set aside a "Reserve for investment on information technology" of ¥200 million.

- 1. Matters concerning year-end dividends
  - (1) Type of property for dividends: Money
  - (2) Matters concerning allotment of property dividends to shareholders and the total amount thereof ¥71 per share of common shares
    Total amount: ¥2,365,863,420
  - (3) Effective date of distribution from surplus: June 30, 2023
- 2. Matters concerning appropriation of other surplus
  - (1) Item and amount of surplus to be decreased Retained earnings brought forward: \(\frac{\pma}{2}\)200,000,000
  - (2) Item and amount of surplus to be increased
    Reserve for investment on information technology: ¥200,000,000

# Proposal No. 2: Election of Eight (8) Directors

The terms of office of all nine (9) Directors will expire at the conclusion of this Annual Shareholders' Meeting. Accordingly, the election of eight (8) Directors is proposed.

The candidates are as follows, and the three (3) candidates for Outside Director satisfy the "Independence Criteria for Outside Director/Outside Audit & Supervisory Board Member" stipulated by the Company. Refer to page 15 for details of said criteria.

No		Name	Positions and assignments in the Company	Attendance at the Board of Directors Meetings (Attendance rate)	
1	[Reappointment]	Masashi Osada	Representative Director, President Corporate Officer	17/17 (100%)	
2	[Reappointment]	Yasushi Nakajima	Representative Director, Executive Corporate Officer, Chief Executive, Administrative Management Headquarters	17/17 (100%)	
3	[Reappointment]	Masanori Nakagawa	Director, Executive Corporate Officer, Chief Executive, Corporate Planning Headquarters and in charge of Sustainability Promotion	17/17 (100%)	
4	[New appointment]	Yukinori Hamanaka	Managing Corporate Officer, Chief General Manager, Paint Finishing System Division	_	
5	[New appointment]	Tadashi Sobue	Managing Corporate Officer, Chief General Manager, Green Technology System Division	_	
6	[Reappointment] [Outside Director] [Independent Director]	Hirokazu Hikosaka	Director	17/17 (100%)	
7	[Reappointment] [Outside Director] [Independent Director]	Kiyotaka Fuke	Director	17/17 (100%)	
8	[Reappointment] [Outside Director] [Independent Director]	Masasuke Kishi	Director	17/17 (100%)	

No	Name (Date of birth; Age)		mmary, positions and assignments in the Company tant positions concurrently held at other companies
		April 1983 April 2007 April 2009	Joined the Company Corporate Officer, General Manager, Planning Office, Green Technology System Division Managing Corporate Officer, Chief Executive, Planning Headquarters and in charge of environment, and General Manager, Corporate Planning Office
		June 2009	Director, Managing Corporate Officer, Chief Executive, Planning Headquarters and in charge of environment, and General Manager, Corporate Planning Office
	0	April 2012	Director, Managing Corporate Officer, General Manager, Chubu Branch Office, Green Technology System Division
	Masashi Osada	April 2015 April 2019	President, Taikisha (Singapore) Pte. Ltd. Assistant Director, Senior General Manager, Global Business Management Dept., Paint Finishing System
	(April 20, 1959; 64)		Division
	[Reappointment]	April 2020	Managing Corporate Officer, Chief Executive, Corporate Planning Headquarters
1	Gender: Male	April 2021 June 2021	Executive Corporate Officer, Chief General Manager, Green Technology System Division Director, Executive Corporate Officer, Chief General
	Number of years as Director of the Company: 6 years (at the conclusion of the Meeting)	April 2023	Manager, Green Technology System Division Representative Director, President Corporate Officer (current position)
	Attendance at the Board of Directors Meetings: 17/17 (100%)		
	Number of shares of the Company actually held: 3,100		
	Number of shares of the Company potentially held: 1,788	u didata fan Dinaa	

[Reason for nominating as a candidate for Director]
Masashi Osada has led the management of the Taikisha Group as Representative Director, President
Corporate Officer since April 2023. The Company reappoints him as a candidate for Director based on
its judgment that he qualifies for this position taking into account his good track record, as well as his
competence in ensuring the stable and sustainable growth of the Group and increasing corporate value
by implementing the Mid-Term Business Plan.

No	Name (Date of birth; Age)		mmary, positions and assignments in the Company tant positions concurrently held at other companies
2	Yasushi Nakajima (February 23, 1960; 63) [Reappointment] Gender: Male Number of years as Director of the Company: 6 years (at the conclusion of the Meeting) Attendance at the Board of Directors Meetings: 17/17 (100%) Number of shares of the Company actually held: 12,000 Number of shares of the Company potentially held: 10,347	April 1982 April 2014  April 2015  April 2016  April 2017  June 2017  April 2019  April 2021  April 2023	Joined the Company Corporate Officer, Senior General Manager, Engineering Supervisory Dept., Green Technology System Division Senior Corporate Officer, Senior General Manager, Engineering Supervisory Dept. and Senior General Manager, Global Business Management Dept., Green Technology System Division Senior Corporate Officer, Vice General Manager in charge of technology and Senior General Manager, Engineering Supervisory Dept. and Senior General Manager, Global Business Management Dept., Green Technology System Division Managing Corporate Officer, Vice General Manager, Green Technology System Division Director, Managing Corporate Officer, Vice General Manager, Green Technology System Division Director, Executive Corporate Officer, Chief General Manager, Green Technology System Division Director, Executive Corporate Officer, Chief Executive, Administrative Management Headquarters Representative Director, Executive Corporate Officer, Chief Executive, Administrative Management Headquarters (current position)
	[Daggar for naminating again	1: 1 + C D:	. 7

[Reason for nominating as a candidate for Director]
Yasushi Nakajima has played a significant role in promoting the strengthening of the management base that supports the Taikisha Group's transformation and growth as Representative Director, Executive Corporate Officer since April 2023. The Company reappoints him as a candidate for Director based on its judgment that he qualifies for this position taking into account his good track record, as well as his competence in ensuring the stable and sustainable growth of the Group and increasing corporate value by implementing the Mid-Term Business Plan.

No	Name (Date of birth; Age)		nmary, positions and assignments in the Company ant positions concurrently held at other companies						
3	(Date of birth; Age)  Masanori Nakagawa (December 30, 1959; 63)  [Reappointment]  Gender: Male  Number of years as Director of the Company: 5 years (at the conclusion of the Meeting)  Attendance at the Board of Directors Meetings: 17/17 (100%)  Number of shares of the Company actually held: 11,337  Number of shares of the Company potentially held: 8,810								
	[Reason for nominating as a candidate for Director]								

[Reason for nominating as a candidate for Director]
Masanori Nakagawa has abundant business experience at a major bank, engaged in the field of corporate planning and business administration of the Company. In addition, he has sufficiently fulfilled his duties as a Director, including decisions on important management matters, the execution of business and supervising the execution of duties by other Directors, since his assumption of the Director position. The Company reappoints him as a candidate for Director based on its judgment that he qualifies for this position taking into account his good track record.

No	Name (Date of birth; Age)		ummary, positions and assignments in the Company ortant positions concurrently held at other companies
4	Yukinori Hamanaka (December 10, 1958; 64)  [New appointment]  Gender: Male  Number of years as Director of the Company: — (3 years in total)  Attendance at the Board of Directors Meetings: —  Number of shares of the Company actually held: 3,073  Number of shares of the Company potentially held: 0	April 1981 April 2010 April 2013 April 2015 June 2015 April 2016 April 2018 June 2018 April 2023	Joined the Company Corporate Officer, General Manager, Office 1, Paint Finishing System Division Senior Corporate Officer, Senior General Manager, Engineering Dept., Paint Finishing System Division Senior Corporate Officer, Vice Chief General Manager, and Senior General Manager, Sales and Engineering Dept., Paint Finishing System Division Director, Senior Corporate Officer, Vice Chief General Manager, and Senior General Manager, Sales and Engineering Dept., Paint Finishing System Division Director, Managing Corporate Officer, Vice Chief General Manager, Paint Finishing System Division Director, Managing Corporate Officer, Vice Chief General Manager, Paint Finishing System Division, and President, TKS Industrial Company Managing Corporate Officer, Vice General Manager, Paint Finishing System Division, and President, TKS Industrial Company Managing Corporate Officer, Chief General Manager, Paint Finishing System Division (current position)

[Reason for nominating as a candidate for Director]
Yukinori Hamanaka has abundant business experience in the field of the paint finishing system business and has served as Chief General Manager, Paint Finishing System Division since April 2023. The Company newly appoints him as a candidate for Director based on its judgment that he qualifies for this position taking into account his good track record and his expected contribution to the further development of the Taikisha Group as Director.

No	Name (Date of birth; Age)	Career sun and import	nmary, positions and assignments in the Company ant positions concurrently held at other companies
5	Tadashi Sobue  (December 16, 1964; 58)  [New appointment]  Gender: Male  Number of years as Director of the Company:  Attendance at the Board of Directors Meetings:  Number of shares of the Company actually held: 2,600  Number of shares of the Company potentially held: 0	April 1987 April 2011  April 2013  March 2017 April 2019  April 2021  May 2022  April 2023	Joined the Company Construction General Manager, Engineering Dept., Chubu Branch Office, Green Technology System Division General Manager, Engineering Dept., Tohoku Branch Office, Green Technology System Division Director, Taikisha (Thailand) Co., Ltd. Senior General Manager, Engineering Dept., Osaka Branch Office, Green Technology System Division Corporate Officer, Senior General Manager, Engineering Supervisory Dept., Green Technology System Division Corporate Officer, Senior General Manager, Engineering Supervisory Dept. and Senior General Manager, Global Engineering Supervisory Dept., Green Technology System Division Managing Corporate Officer, Chief General Manager, Green Technology System Division (current position)

[Reason for nominating as a candidate for Director]
Tadashi Sobue has abundant business experience in the field of the green technology system business and has served as Chief General Manager, Green Technology System Division since April 2023. The Company newly appoints him as a candidate for Director based on its judgment that he qualifies for this position taking into account his good track record and his expected contribution to the further development of the Taikisha Group as Director.

No	Name (Date of birth; Age)	Career sun and imports	nmary, positions and assignments in the Company ant positions concurrently held at other companies
6	(Date of birth; Age)  Hirokazu Hikosaka  (December 2, 1960; 62)  [Reappointment] [Outside Director] [Independent Director]  Gender: Male  Number of years as Director of the Company: 6 years (at the conclusion of the Meeting)  Attendance at the Board of Directors Meetings: 17/17 (100%)  Number of shares of the Company actually held: 2,000  Number of shares of the	and imports April 1983 April 1992 April 1999 April 2005 June 2006 June 2010 April 2014 June 2015 June 2017 April 2019	Joined Asahi Shinkin Bank (resigned in March 1985) Admitted as attorney and joined Nakajima Law Office (current Akanekusa Law Office) (current position) Commissioner, Kanto Federation of Bar Associations Executive Commissioner, Japan Federation of Bar Associations Outside Director, Adways Inc. Audit & Supervisory Board Member, Adways Inc. (retired in March 2022) Vice President, Tokyo Bar Association Audit & Supervisory Board Member of the Company Director of the Company (current position) Vice President, Kanto Federation of Bar Associations (retired in March 2020)
	Company potentially held: 0		la Dinacton and avanviage of armacted noted

[Reason for nominating as a candidate for Outside Director and overview of expected role] Although Hirokazu Hikosaka has had no experience of directly engaging in corporate management, he has professional expertise and abundant experience as a lawyer, as well as specialized knowledge regarding internal control and governance, etc. from his business experience hitherto. Since his assumption of the Director position, he has provided valuable advice and supervision on the management of the Company from an independent and objective standpoint. Going forward, he is expected to continue providing advice and supervision by utilizing his specialized knowledge based on his abundant expertise and experience. The Company reappoints him as a candidate for Outside Director based on its judgment that he qualifies for this position from the viewpoint of ensuring transparent decision making by the Board of Directors and reinforcing the supervisory functions thereon.

[View on independence]

As Hirokazu Hikosaka satisfies the "Independence Criteria for Outside Director/Outside Audit & Supervisory Board Member" stipulated by the Company, the Company judges that he maintains independence from the Company. There are no interests including personal, capital and transactional relationships between Akanekusa Law Office, at which he works as a lawyer, and the Company.

No	Name (Date of birth; Age)	Career sum	mary, positions and assignments in the Company ont positions concurrently held at other companies
	(Date of offul, Age)	April 2014	Deputy President, Executive Officer, Meiji Yasuda
		1	Life Insurance Company
		July 2014	Director, Deputy President, Executive Officer, Meiji Yasuda Life Insurance Company
	TOREN	April 2016	Director, Meiji Yasuda Life Insurance Company (retired in July 2016)
		June 2016	Outside Audit & Supervisory Board Member, Mizuho Trust & Banking Co., Ltd.
		July 2016	Advisor, Meiji Yasuda Life Insurance Company (retired in June 2019)
	11/	June 2017	Member of the Board of Directors (Outside Director and Audit & Supervisory Committee Member), Mizuho Trust & Banking Co., Ltd. (retired in June 2020)
	Kiyotaka Fuke		Audit & Supervisory Board Member of the Company
	(April 19, 1954; 69)	June 2019	Director of the Company (current position)
	[Reappointment] [Outside Director] [Independent Director]		
	Gender: Male		
	Number of years as Director of the Company: 4 years (at the conclusion of the Meeting)		
7	Attendance at the Board of Directors Meetings: 17/17 (100%)		
	Number of shares of the Company actually held: 2,600		
	Number of shares of the Company potentially held:	1:14 f O 4:1	

[Reason for nominating as a candidate for Outside Director and overview of expected role] Kiyotaka Fuke has abundant expertise and experience as a manager at a leading life insurance company, as well as specialized knowledge regarding internal control, governance, human resources development, personnel and labor management, etc. from his business experience hitherto. Since his assumption of the Director position, he has provided valuable advice and supervision on the management of the Company from an independent and objective standpoint. In addition, he has contributed to stimulating discussions as chairperson of the Board of Directors. Going forward, he is expected to continue providing advice and supervision by utilizing his specialized knowledge based on his abundant expertise and experience. The Company reappoints him as a candidate for Outside Director based on its judgment that he qualifies for this position from the viewpoint of ensuring transparent decision making by the Board of Directors and reinforcing the supervisory functions thereon. If his reelection is approved, the Company plans to continue appointing him as chairperson of the Board of Directors.

[View on independence]

As Kiyotaka Fuke satisfies the "Independence Criteria for Outside Director/Outside Audit & Supervisory Board Member" stipulated by the Company, the Company judges that he maintains independence from the Company. He came from Meiji Yasuda Life Insurance Company but retired from his position as an Advisor in 2019. Although this company holds the Company's shares, its shareholding ratio is 1.38% (calculated after subtracting treasury shares). Although this company and the Company had transactions such as construction contracts and insurance contracts in fiscal 2022, the respective amount of the relevant transactions did not exceed the amount of payments specified in the aforementioned criteria. (The average transaction amounts between both companies for the past three fiscal years (meaning fiscal 2020 through fiscal 2022) was less than 1% of the three-year average transaction amounts of this company's non-consolidated ordinary income or the Company's consolidated net sales of completed construction contracts for the past three fiscal years.)

No	Name	Career sur	mmary, positions and assignments in the Company
INO	(Date of birth; Age)	and import	ant positions concurrently held at other companies
	- China	April 1980	Joined Oki Electric Industry Co., Ltd.
		October 1995	Manager, Multimedia Systems Development Dept., Multimedia Systems Development Center, Information Systems Business Division, Oki Electric Industry Co., Ltd.
		April 2004	Vice President, Silicon Solutions Company and General Manager, Design Division, Oki Electric Industry Co., Ltd.
		April 2006	Executive Officer, Oki Electric Industry Co., Ltd.
		April 2008	Senior Vice President, Oki Electric Industry Co., Ltd.
		October 2008	Representative Director and President, OKI Networks Co., Ltd. (retired in March 2010)
		June 2010	Director, Oki Electric Industry Co., Ltd. (retired in June 2012)
	Masasuke Kishi		Director, Oki Electric Cable Co., Ltd.
	(June 19, 1955; 68)	June 2012	Representative Director and President, Oki Electric Cable Co., Ltd. (retired in March 2018)
	[Reappointment] [Outside Director] [Independent Director]	April 2018 April 2020	Executive Vice President and General Manager, Electronics, Manufacturing Services Division, Oki Electric Industry Co., Ltd. Executive Vice President, and General Manager,
	Gender: Male	April 2020	Components & Platforms Business Group, and General Manager, Development Division, Components & Platforms Business Group, Oki
	Number of years as Director of the Company: 2 years (at the conclusion of the Meeting)	June 2021	Electric Industry Co., Ltd. (retired in March 2021) Director of the Company (current position)
8	Attendance at the Board of Directors Meetings: 17/17 (100%)		
	Number of shares of the Company actually held: 1,000		
	Number of shares of the Company potentially held:		

[Reason for nominating as a candidate for Outside Director and overview of expected role] Masasuke Kishi has abundant expertise and experience as a manager at a leading business corporation, as well as specialized knowledge regarding the information and communications sector, internal control, governance, etc. from his business experience hitherto. Since his assumption of the Director position, he has provided valuable advice and supervision on the management of the Company from an independent and objective standpoint. Going forward, he is expected to continue providing advice and supervision by utilizing his specialized knowledge based on his abundant expertise and experience. The Company reappoints him as a candidate for Outside Director based on its judgment that he qualifies for this position from the viewpoint of ensuring transparent decision making by the Board of Directors and reinforcing the supervisory functions thereon.

[View on independence]

As Masasuke Kishi satisfies the "Independence Criteria for Outside Director/Outside Audit & Supervisory Board Member" stipulated by the Company, the Company judges that he maintains independence from the Company. He used to work at Oki Electric Industry Co., Ltd., but he resigned as an Executive Vice President of the said company in 2021. There are no interests including personal, capital and transactional relationships between Oki Electric Industry Co., Ltd. and the Company. In addition, he used to work at Oki Electric Cable Co., Ltd., but he resigned as Representative Director of the said company in 2018. There are no interests including personal, capital and transactional relationships between Oki Electric Cable Co., Ltd. and the Company.

# (Notes)

- 1. The number of shares of the Company potentially held states the number of points awarded to the Director through the Board Benefit Trust (BBT), a performance-linked stock-based compensation plan.
- 2. No material conflict of interest exists between the Company and any of the above candidates for Director.
- 3. Hirokazu Hikosaka, Kiyotaka Fuke and Masasuke Kishi are candidates for Outside Director.
- 4. The Company has stipulated in its Articles of Incorporation that it can conclude a limited liability agreement with each Director who is not an executive director to limit his/her liability for damages to a certain degree, and has concluded the limited liability agreements with Hirokazu Hikosaka, Kiyotaka Fuke and Masasuke Kishi. If their appointments are approved, the Company intends to continue the limited liability agreement with each of them.

The outline of the aforementioned limited liability agreement is as follows:

- In case a Director causes damage to the Company due to his/her negligence of duty, his/her liability for the damage shall be up to the minimum liability amount provided for in laws and regulations when said Director's duty is performed in good faith and with no gross negligence.
- 5. The Company has entered into a directors and officers liability insurance contract with an insurance company. The said insurance contract will cover damages that may arise due to insured Officers, etc. assuming liability for their execution of duties, or receiving a claim for the pursuit of such liability. If the appointments of the candidates are approved, they will be included among the insured persons under the insurance contract.
  - The said insurance contract is scheduled to be renewed in October 2023 with the same terms and conditions.
- 6. The Company has notified the Tokyo Stock Exchange of the designation of Hirokazu Hikosaka, Kiyotaka Fuke and Masasuke Kishi as Independent Directors as stipulated in the provisions of the Tokyo Stock Exchange.
- 7. The age of the respective candidates indicated is as of the date of this Annual Shareholders' Meeting.

[Reference] Specialized knowledge and experience, etc. possessed by candidates for Director

Name	Number of years as Director	Corporat e managem ent	Technolo gical develop ment, IT strategies	Global business	Industrial insights, market awarenes s	Human resources develop ment, personnel and labor managem ent	Internal control, governan ce	Laws, finance and accountin g	Nominati on Advisory Committ ee	Compens ation Advisory Committ ee	Governa nce Committ ee
Masashi Osada	6 years	•		•	•		•		•	•	•
Yasushi Nakajima	6 years	•	•	•	•	•	•		•	•	•
Masanori Nakagawa	5 years	•		•		•	•	•			•
Yukinori Hamanaka	_	•	•	•	•						
Tadashi Sobue	_		•	•	•						
(Outside Director) Hirokazu Hikosaka	6 years						•	•	•	•	*
(Outside Director) Kiyotaka Fuke Chairperson of the Board of Directors	4 years	•				•	•		*	•	•
(Outside Director) Masasuke Kishi	2 years	•	•				•		•	*	•

(Notes) 1. The table above does not represent all the knowledge and experience possessed by the candidates.

<sup>2. ★</sup> represents chairperson.

#### (Reference)

"Independence Criteria for Outside Director/Outside Audit & Supervisory Board Member" In order to increase the soundness and transparency of management, the Company has established the following independence criteria for outside directors and outside audit & supervisory board members. Outside directors and outside audit & supervisory board members are considered to be independent unless any of the following criteria applies.

- 1. Major shareholder<sup>1</sup> of the Company or an executive thereof;
- 2. Major lender<sup>2</sup> of the Company or an executive thereof;
- 3. A party whose major client or supplier is the Company<sup>3</sup> or an executive thereof;
- 4. Major client or supplier of the Company<sup>4</sup> or an executive thereof;
- 5. Consultant, accountant or legal professional who receives more than ¥10 million per year in monetary consideration or other property from the Company besides compensation as a Director/Audit & Supervisory Board Member (if the recipient of such property is a corporation, partnership or other entities, a person who belongs to an entity for which the total amount of money and property received from the Company exceeds 2% of its annual gross revenue);
- 6. Person who receives more than ¥10 million per year in donation from the Company (or executive thereof, if the recipient of such donation is a corporation, partnership or other entities);
- 7. Person who fell under any of the above-listed items 1. through 6. during the past three years; or
- 8. Relatives within the second degree of kinship of the person (excluding those who are not significant persons) who fall under any of the following items (1) through (3).
  - (1) Person who falls under any of the above-listed items 1. through 7.;
  - (2) Executive of any subsidiaries of the Company; or
  - (3) Non-executive director of any subsidiaries of the Company.

#### (Notes)

- 1. "Major shareholder" refers to a shareholder who holds 10% or more of the voting rights directly or indirectly at the end of the most recent fiscal year.
- 2. "Major lender" refers to a lender to whom the Company has outstanding borrowings in the amount that exceeded 2% of the consolidated total assets of the Company at the end of the most recent fiscal year.
- 3. "A party whose major client or supplier is the Company" refers to a party for whom the average amount of payments received from the Company for the past three fiscal years exceeds 2% of the average consolidated net sales of said party for the past three fiscal years.
- 4. "A major client or supplier of the Company" refers to a party for whom the average amount of payments to the Company for the past three years exceeds 2% of the average consolidated net sales of the Company for the past three fiscal years.

#### Proposal No. 3: Election of One (1) Audit & Supervisory Board Member

The term of office of Audit & Supervisory Board Member Toshiyuki Hanazawa will expire at the conclusion of this Annual Shareholders' Meeting. Accordingly, the election of one (1) Audit & Supervisory Board Member is proposed.

The Audit & Supervisory Board has given its prior consent to this Proposal.

The candidate is as follows, and this candidate for Outside Audit & Supervisory Board Member satisfies the "Independence Criteria for Outside Director/Outside Audit & Supervisory Board Member" stipulated by the Company. Refer to page 15 for details of said criteria.

Name		Career summary and positions in the Company
(Date of birth; Age)	and in April 1984	nportant positions concurrently held at other companies  Joined The Yasuda Fire & Marine Insurance Co.,
	April 1984	Ltd. (current Sompo Japan Insurance Inc.)
	April 2017	Board Member, General Manager of Internal Audit
		Department, Sompo Japan Nipponkoa Insurance Inc. (current Sompo Japan Insurance Inc.)
	April 2018	Executive Officer, Head of Hokkaido Division,
	1	Sompo Japan Nipponkoa Insurance Inc.
	April 2020	Executive Officer, Sompo Japan Insurance Inc. (retired in March 2022)
		President and Representative Director, Sompo Risk
		Management Inc. (retired in March 2023)
2000		
Junichi Sakurai		
(October 22, 1961; 61)		
[New appointment]		
[Outside Audit & Supervisory Board Member]		
[Independent Audit &		
Supervisory Board Member]		
Gender:		
Male		
Number of years as Audit &		
Supervisory Board Member		
of the Company:		
Attendance at the Board of		
Directors Meetings:		
A 44 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 4 41 - A - 1 4 8		
Attendance at the Audit & Supervisory Board Meetings:		
Number of shares of the		
Company actually held:		
0		
Number of shares of the		
Company potentially held:		
· ·	ndidate for C	Outside Audit & Supervisory Board Member

[Reason for nominating as a candidate for Outside Audit & Supervisory Board Member] Junichi Sakurai has abundant business experience, including internal auditing, at a leading non-life insurance company, as well as extensive knowledge and experience as a manager of an business corporation, and the Company newly appoints him as a candidate for Outside Audit & Supervisory Board Member based on its judgment that he qualifies for the duties to audit the execution of duties by Directors from an objective standpoint independent of the Company.

[View on independence]

As Junichi Sakurai satisfies the "Independence Criteria for Outside Director/Outside Audit & Supervisory Board Member" stipulated by the Company, the Company judges that he maintains independence from the Company. He used to work at Sompo Japan Insurance Inc., but resigned as Executive Officer of this company in 2022. Although this company holds the Company's shares, its shareholding ratio is 0.30%. Although this company and the Company had transactions such as construction contracts and insurance contracts in fiscal 2022, the respective amount of the relevant transactions did not exceed the amount of payments specified in the aforementioned criteria. (The average transaction amounts between both companies for the past three fiscal years (meaning fiscal 2020 through fiscal 2022) was less than 1% of the three-year average transaction amounts of this company's non-consolidated ordinary income or the Company's consolidated net sales of completed construction contracts for the past three fiscal years.) In addition, he used to work at Sompo Risk Management Inc., but resigned as President and Representative Director of this company in 2023. There is no personal, capital, business or other interest relationship between the said company and the Company.

### (Notes)

- 1. No material conflict of interest exists between the Company and the above candidate for Audit & Supervisory Board Member.
- 2. Junichi Sakurai is a candidate for Outside Audit & Supervisory Board Member.
- 3. The Company has stipulated in its Articles of Incorporation that it can conclude a limited liability agreement with each Audit & Supervisory Board Member to limit his/her liability for damages to a certain degree. If the appointment of Junichi Sakurai as Audit & Supervisory Board Member is approved, the Company intends to conclude the said agreement with him.

The outline of the aforementioned limited liability agreement is as follows:

- In case an Audit & Supervisory Board Member causes damage to the Company due to his/her negligence of duty, his/her liability for the damage shall be up to the minimum liability amount provided for in laws and regulations when said Audit & Supervisory Board Member's duty is performed in good faith and with no gross negligence.
- 4. The Company has entered into a directors and officers liability insurance contract with an insurance company. The said insurance contract will cover damages that may arise due to insured Officers, etc. assuming liability for their execution of duties, or receiving a claim for the pursuit of such liability. If the appointment of Junichi Sakurai is approved, he will be included among the insured persons under the insurance contract. The said insurance contract is scheduled to be renewed in October 2023 with the same terms and conditions.
- 5. If the appointment of Junichi Sakurai as Audit & Supervisory Board Member is approved, the Company intends to designate him as Independent Auditor as stipulated in the provisions of the Tokyo Stock Exchange and notify the Tokyo Stock Exchange of his designation as such.
- The age of the candidate indicated is as of the date of this Annual Shareholders' Meeting.

# **Business Report**

(From April 1, 2022, to March 31, 2023)

#### 1. Overview of the Group

#### (1) Business Progress and Results

#### 1) Overview of business

In this fiscal year, the global economy continued to face an uncertain outlook, despite progress in balancing quarantines against COVID-19 with economic activities, due to such factors as soaring resource prices associated with the prolonged Ukraine crisis, higher policy interest rates in the U.S. and Europe in response to accelerating inflation, and heightened tensions between the U.S. and China.

In the U.S., despite firm employment-related conditions, there were growing concerns of an economic recession against a backdrop of rising inflation and monetary tightening. In Europe, although the economy was on a recovery trend due to the easing of restrictions on activities, soaring energy prices and restrictions on energy imports from Russia constrained economic activity. In China, growth slowed down due to the zero-COVID policy until December 2022. In Southeast Asia, the COVID-19 situation calmed down and the economy continued to recover. The Japanese economy continued to recover moderately due to the normalization of economic activities as a result of the easing of restrictions on activities, despite exchange rate fluctuations and soaring energy prices.

Among the market environments of the Taikisha Group, in overseas markets, capital investment by various manufacturers continued to recover, despite uncertainties due to the impact of COVID-19 and soaring resource prices.

On the other hand, in the domestic market, investment by manufacturers of electronic components and pharmaceuticals and other products was strong, and demand for construction of office buildings in the Tokyo metropolitan area and investment by automobile manufacturers remained steady.

Under such circumstances, in order to achieve medium- to long-term growth, the Taikisha Group has been promoting the following initiatives.

In the Green Technology System Business, as part of the business development that continues to create added value, the Taikisha Group increased investment in Nicomac Taikisha Clean Rooms Private Limited, a consolidated subsidiary in India (made it a subsidiary in July 2020 to integrate panel manufacturing and installation technology and air conditioning installation technology), from 74% to 100%. The said company's main customers are Indian pharmaceutical manufacturers, and it provides integrated services from manufacturing to installation of clean panels, etc. In recent years, it has not limited its sales to the Indian market, but also exports to neighboring countries, the U.S., and other countries.

The Indian economy is expected to continue to grow at a steady pace against a backdrop of population growth, urbanization development, economic reforms, etc. The clean room market in India is currently dominated by pharmaceutical plants, but demand is also expected to grow for manufacturing facilities for semiconductors and lithium-ion batteries, etc. based on the Indian government's policy of attracting and fostering industries. Taking this opportunity of increasing investment rate, the Taikisha Group will further promote the business expansion strategy in the high-value-added clean room construction market in India by combining the high brand power of the said company to major pharmaceutical manufacturers with the Company's abundant knowledge and experience in the field of pharmaceutical plants in Japan.

In the Paint Finishing System Business, as part of development with an awareness of global social issues, the Taikisha Group has been developing a new energy management system (EMS) function for "i-Navistar," a system that uses IoT and AI to monitor and analyze factors on automobile coating lines.

Automotive coating lines are equipped with a wide variety of equipment, and at the production site, data analysis and verification are repeated over a long period of time based on the knowledge of skilled technicians, and in many cases, the identification of the causes of defects is also done manually. In order to solve these productivity and quality issues, the Company has been focusing on the development of "i-Navistar," a system that utilizes IoT and AI to analyze the causes of operational outages and quality defects. In order to contribute to the decarbonization efforts of automakers, the Company is now developing "energy management system (EMS)" functions for paint factories that aims to "visualize the

wasted energy and have optimized energy management using a simulator function," and many automakers are already showing a high level of interest in the system.

As decarbonization efforts accelerate around the world, the need for EMS functions is expected to increase. The Taikisha Group will continue efforts to advance the sophistication of such developed products and strive to solve social issues and meet the demand arising from climate change.

Given such circumstances, consolidated orders received increased 24.4% year-on-year to \(\frac{\pma}{2}\)288,670 million increased both in Japan and overseas. This includes orders received overseas, which increased 53.4% year-on-year to \(\frac{\pma}{1}\)35,956 million.

Consolidated net sales of completed construction contracts increased 2.6% year-on-year to \(\frac{\pma}{2}\)14,793 million, due to an increase in Japan, despite a decrease overseas. This includes net sales of completed construction contracts overseas, which decreased 20.7% year-on-year to \(\frac{\pma}{8}\)80,556 million.

In regard to profits, gross profit on completed construction contracts increased \(\frac{\pmathbf{4}}{1,456}\) million year-on-year to \(\frac{\pmathbf{3}}{3,071}\) million, operating income increased \(\frac{\pmathbf{2}}{2,127}\) million year-on-year to \(\frac{\pmathbf{1}}{13,001}\) million, and profit attributable to owners of parent increased \(\frac{\pmathbf{4}}{668}\) million year-on-year to \(\frac{\pmathbf{7}}{7,917}\) million.

# Orders received, net sales of completed construction contracts and construction carried forward by each division

(Millions of yen)

Category		Construction brought forward	Orders received	Total	Net sales of completed construction contracts	Construction carried forward
Green	Building HVAC	52,777	36,188	88,966	45,355	43,611
Technology System	Industrial HVAC	93,880	171,889	265,770	126,488	139,281
Division	Subtotal	146,658	208,078	354,737	171,844	182,892
	[Overseas]	[37,165]	[77,158]	[114,323]	[48,762]	[65,561]
Paint Paint Finishing Finishing System System Division [Overseas]		37,763	80,591	118,355	42,948	75,406
		[21,858]	[58,797]	[80,656]	[31,793]	[48,862]
Total [Overseas]		184,422	288,670	473,092	214,793	258,299
		[59,023]	[135,956]	[194,980]	[80,556]	[114,423]

(Note)

Regarding foreign exchange translation of contracts brought forward from previous year in foreign subsidiaries, fluctuation amount because of foreign exchange is adjusted in the beginning balance of construction contracts brought forward. In addition, since Geico S.p.A. and its consolidated subsidiaries, J-CO America Corporation, J-CO Mexico, S.de R.L.de C.V., Geico Brasil Ltda., Geico Paint Shop India Private Limited, Geico Painting System (Suzhou) Co., Ltd., "Geico Russia" LLC, Geico Taikisha GmbH, Geico Taikisha Controls d.o.o., Process Solution Partner Rus LLC, and BTE Co., Ltd. have been excluded from the scope of consolidation in the fiscal year ended March 31, 2023, the amount of construction work in hand of these subsidiaries was excluded from the amount of construction brought forward.

Earnings by reportable segment (including intersegment transactions)

GreenConsolidated orders receivedConsolidated net sales of completed<br/>construction contactsSystem Division¥208,078 million<br/>(increased 30.9% year-on-year)¥171,868 million<br/>(increased 27.9% year-on-year)

Principal business Building HVAC: General-purpose HVAC systems for offices, hotels, stores,

schools, research institutes, theaters, halls, hospitals, data centers

and so forth

Industrial HVAC: Industrial HVAC systems, including clean rooms and plant

factories, for factories and plants of semiconductors, electronic

parts/components, batteries, precision machinery,

pharmaceuticals, foods and so forth

Consolidated orders received increased compared to the previous fiscal year, due to increases in the industrial HVAC sector in Japan and in China, Taiwan, and other markets. The consolidated net sales of completed construction contacts increased compared to the previous fiscal year, due to increases in the industrial HVAC sector in Japan and in Thailand, etc.

As a result, consolidated orders received increased 30.9% year-on-year to \$208,078 million. The breakdown is orders received for building HVAC of \$36,188 million which decreased 16.5% year-on-year and orders received for industrial HVAC of \$171,889 million which increased 48.7% year-on-year. Consolidated net sales of completed construction contracts increased 27.9% year-on-year to \$171,868 million. The breakdown is sales for building HVAC of \$45,355 million which increased 10.7% year-on-year and sales for industrial HVAC of \$126,512 million which increased 35.4% year-on-year. Segment profit (ordinary income) increased \$5,296 million year-on-year to \$14,599 million.



KUBOTA's new R&D facility

	¥80,591 million	¥42,960 million
<b>System Division</b>		construction contacts
<b>Paint Finishing</b>	Consolidated orders received	Consolidated net sales of completed

(increased 10.1% year-on-year) (decreased 42.6% year-on-year)

Principal business Paint finishing systems in factories not only for automobile parts/components such as chassis and bumpers slated for automobile industry but also for construction vehicles, rolling stock, aircraft, general-purpose industrial equipment and the like

Consolidated orders received increased compared to the previous fiscal year, due to increases in China, India, Korea, etc., though sales decreased in Europe. The consolidated net sales of completed construction contracts decreased compared to the previous fiscal year, due to decreases in regions such as Japan, Europe, North America, China, etc.

As a result, consolidated orders received increased 10.1% year-on-year to \pmu 80,591 million and consolidated net sales of completed construction contracts decreased 42.6% year-on-year to \pmu 42,960 million. Segment loss (ordinary loss) was \pmu 1,606 million (segment profit of \pmu 667 million for the previous fiscal year).

Hydraulic excavator factory

Hydraulic excavator factory, Anhui Province, China, HITACHI CONSTRUCTION MACHINERY

As for the non-consolidated performance of the Company, orders received increased 6.0% year-on-year to \$153,987 million and net sales of completed construction contracts increased 24.1% year-on-year to \$133,342 million. Profit of the Company increased \$889 million year-on-year to \$8,546 million.

#### 2) Capital expenditures

There is nothing of significance to mention for the fiscal year.

#### 3) Financing

There is nothing of significance to mention for the fiscal year.

#### (2) Changes in Assets and Income

# 1) Changes in operating results

(Millions of yen)

	Year ended March 31, 2019 (74th term)	Year ended March 31, 2020 (75th term)	Year ended March 31, 2021 (76th term)	Year ended March 31, 2022 (77th term)	Year ended March 31, 2023 (78th term) This consolidated fiscal year
Orders received	241,889	226,909	200,469	232,120	288,670
Net sales of completed construction contracts	225,402	225,378	202,548	209,261	214,793
Ordinary income	15,085	15,991	12,287	10,818	13,001
Profit attributable to owners of parent	8,841	9,132	8,279	7,248	7,917
Basic earnings per share (Yen)	259.53	268.07	243.03	212.69	234.62
Total assets	223,080	215,389	228,855	228,159	237,105
Net assets	113,649	112,843	126,311	130,788	131,992
Net assets per share (Yen)	3,193.18	3,176.25	3,552.69	3,658.54	3,788.75

# (Notes)

- 1. "Basic earnings per share" is calculated based on the average number of shares outstanding during the year after subtracting treasury shares. "Net assets per share" is calculated based on the total number of issued shares at the end of the year after subtracting treasury shares. The number of treasury shares does not include the number of the Company's shares held by Custody Bank of Japan, Ltd. (Trust E Account), because of the introduction of the ESOP (Employee Stock Ownership Plan). Meanwhile, the number of treasury shares includes the number of the Company's shares held by Custody Bank of Japan, Ltd. (Trust E Account), because of the introduction of the BBT (Board Benefit Trust).
- 2. "Accounting Standard for Revenue Recognition" (ASBJ Statement No. 29, March 31, 2020) and other standards have been applied since the beginning of the 77th term. Changes in assets and income in and after the 77th term represent the figures after applying said accounting standard, etc.

#### 2) Changes in net sales of completed construction contracts by each division

(Millions of ven)

		Year ended March 31, 2019 (74th term)	Year ended March 31, 2020 (75th term)	Year ended March 31, 2021 (76th term)	Year ended March 31, 2022 (77th term)	Year ended March 31, 2023 (78th term) This consolidated fiscal year
Green	Building HVAC	46,158	54,963	40,952	40,978	45,355
Technology System Division	Industrial HVAC	103,005	102,411	93,099	93,414	126,488
Division	Subtotal	149,164	157,374	134,051	134,393	171,844
Paint Finishing System Division	Paint Finishing System	76,238	68,003	68,497	74,867	42,948
Total [Overseas]		225,402 [106,136]	225,378 [93,029]	202,548 [92,791]	209,261 [101,552]	214,793 [80,556]

#### (3) Issues to Be Addressed

#### 1) Basic management policy of the Company

The Taikisha Group will globally expand its business areas and pursue stable and sustainable growth in compliance with the "Customers first" spirit as Taikisha's corporate philosophy (mission statement), and based on environmentally compliant technologies through our expertise in "Energy, Air and Water" represented by the company name "Taikisha." To this end, we will further create an attractive company for all stakeholders and contribute to society.

#### 2) Long-term vision

The Taikisha Group set the long-term vision, "Contribute to a Sustainable Society through Innovative Engineering of Energy, Air and Water" and "Become an Inclusive Global Company by Leveraging Diverse Human Resources and Knowledge" in the Company's Mid-Term Business Plan publicly announced on May 16, 2022.

a. Contribute to a Sustainable Society through Innovative Engineering of Energy, Air and Water Innovative Engineering for a Sustainable Society -with energy, air and water-

Though proactively taking on the challenge of solving social issues, in energy-, air- and water-related fields, the Taikisha Group will enhance comprehensive engineering capabilities by trying to achieve technological innovation (tangible aspects), accumulation of knowledge from experience (intangible aspects), intellectual exploration into new domains. The Taikisha Group considers that this will lead to new businesses and new customer development as well as the provision of "solutions for highly specialized customer needs" to existing customers, serving as our differentiation strategy. By differentiating itself from competitors, the Taikisha Group aims to achieve corporate growth as well as the resolution of social issues, that is, contribution to a sustainable society. As an example, the Taikisha Group will make every effort to achieve carbon neutrality in 2050.

b. Become an Inclusive Global Company by Leveraging Diverse Human Resources and Knowledge Diversity & Inclusion as a Global Company

Based on a corporate culture that embraces diversity, which has always been present in the Company, we aim to become a company that can be active in any country as a truly global company by creating a system that allows each employee to demonstrate his or her abilities and generates synergies. Furthermore, the Company considers the creation of new value by combining and fusing diverse human resources and technologies from inside and outside the Company in our business activities, including technological development, as a form of inclusion, and therefore aim to be an inclusive company in these two senses.

#### 3) Targeted management indices

The summary of Mid-Term Business Plan for the fiscal year ended March 2023 through the fiscal year ending March 2025 is as follows:

Financial Targets			(Billions of yen)
	Year ended	Year ending	Year ending
Item	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2025

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Item	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2025
	(Actual Performance)	(Target)	(Target)
Orders received	288.6	223.0	236.0
Net sales of completed	214.7	223.5	238.0
construction contracts	214.7	223.3	236.0
Ordinary income	13.0	13.5	15.0
Profit attributable to owners of	7.9	9.1	9.6
parent	1.9	7.1	9.0
Return on equity (ROE) (%)	6.3%	7.0%	7.2%

Non-Financial Targets

CO<sub>2</sub> emissions from business activities (Scope 1 and 2) 46% reduction by 2030 (compared with FY2015 results)

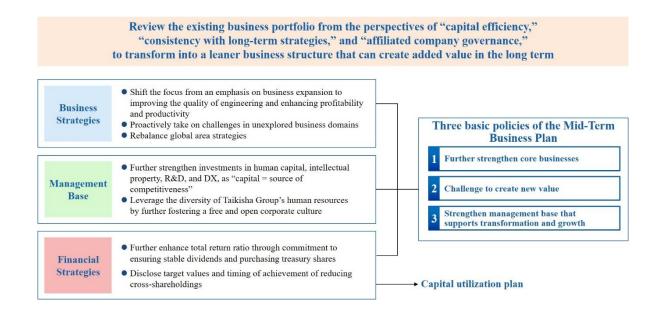
Regarding indicators and targets related to climate change, we collected and analyzed the necessary data in accordance with the TCFD (Task Force on Climate-related Financial Disclosure) framework, and disclosed the results on the Company's website in April 2023.

Disclosure of climate-related information based on TCFD recommendations https://www.taikisha-group.com/sustainability/taikisha/tcfd/

#### 4) Basic policies of Mid-Term Business Plan

To achieve the long-term vision, the Taikisha Group will review the existing business portfolio from the perspectives of "capital efficiency," "consistency with long-term strategies," and "affiliated company governance," to transform into a leaner business structure that can create added value in the long term.

The Taikisha Group has set "Further strengthen core businesses," "Challenge to create new value" and "Strengthen management base that supports transformation and growth" as the three basic policies of the Mid-Term Business Plan.



#### a) Further strengthen core businesses

#### (i) Green Technology System Business

- Business development that continues to create added value
  The Taikisha Group will promote decarbonizing business initiatives to achieve carbon neutrality.
  The Taikisha Group will also establish a structure that continues to meet the technical needs,
  develop professionals and accumulate know-how and intellectual property in the industrial HVAC
  sector
- Strengthen Taikisha, the Technology Company
   The Taikisha Group will promote identification of customer needs and joint development at the
   new Research and Development Center and the R&D Satellite, proactively make technology
   proposals to customers, and uncover seeds through collaboration between sales and development
   divisions.
- Improve business operation systems and productivity
  The Taikisha Group will promote digitalization and DX of business operations to improve ease of work and business process reform to eliminate forcing, waste, and inconsistency. The Taikisha Group will also create a system where we can strengthen the relationships and grow together with suppliers.

# (ii) Paint Finishing System Business

- Establish a firm position at home and abroad

  The Taikisha Group will promote diversification of technologies to meet the needs of non-Japanese customers, reaching out to new customers outside the automotive market through collaboration with partners, and business development rooted in the local communities by utilizing overseas networks.
- Development with an awareness of global social issues
   The Taikisha Group will contribute to the transformation of customers' production technologies through technological development to achieve carbon neutrality and also establish and enhance a development structure linked to overseas bases.
- Improve business operation systems and productivity
  The Taikisha Group will promote remote and automated onsite operations through digitalization of business processes, design global educational programs, and optimize human resources by reviewing the project management structure.

#### b) Challenge to create new value

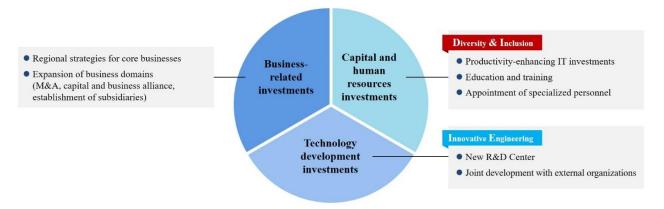
The Taikisha Group will establish and promote management strategies that leverage our own intellectual property and intangible assets, promote development from the customers' perspective by establishing R&D Satellites within headquarters and branch offices to identify customer needs, and develop new businesses through open innovation by integrating external knowledge of academic institutions and startups.

- c) Strengthen management base that supports transformation and growth
- Develop and secure human capital
  The Taikisha Group will create an organizational culture that fosters innovation, improve employee engagement, and systematically develop human resource value.
- Digital strategies to provide new value
  The Taikisha Group will improve productivity through onsite digitalization and DX, establish a
  global IT and DX structure, and enhance digital integration for R&D and new business creation.
- Strengthen the Group governance structure

  The Taikisha Group will establish business portfolio management in light of capital costs and enhance the effectiveness of the board of directors and auditing functions of affiliated companies.

#### 5) Investment plan

The Taikisha Group plans to make growth investments totaling ¥20.0 billion during the three-year period under the themes of "Business-related investments" for expansion of business domains through M&A, etc., "Capital and human resources investments" including productivity-enhancing IT investments, and "Technology development investments" for the expansion of the R&D Center and joint development with external organizations, etc.



#### 6) Capital dividend policy

The Taikisha Group will implement steady dividends targeting a consolidated dividend on equity ratio (DOE) of 3.2%, with profit return to shareholders through dividends as one of our most important measures. The Group will also flexibly purchase and retire treasury shares in order to improve capital efficiency and promptly implement financial policies (aiming for roughly ¥2.0 billion per year, and ¥3.0 billion for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2023 already implemented).

#### 7) Plan to sell cross-shareholdings

The proceeds from the sale of cross-shareholdings will be used to fund investment plans and shareholder returns. The Taikisha Group will reduce cross-shareholdings to less than 20% of net assets by the second year of the Mid-Term Business Plan (fiscal year ending March 2024). (¥3.1 billion sold in the fiscal year ended March 31, 2023, and 21.8% of net assets at the end of the fiscal year)

(4) Significant Subsidiaries

(4) Significant Subsidiaries			<del>-</del>
Company name	Capital	Percentage of voting rights held by the Company	Principal business
San Esu Industry Co., Ltd.	¥100 million	87.75%	Pipework, sheet metal work and can manufacturing work, as well as manufacture and sales of machinery and equipment
Nippon Noise Control Ltd.	¥30 million	100.00%	Design, manufacture, sales and installation of silencer and vibration-proof equipment
Tokyo Taikisha Service Ltd.	¥20 million	100.00%	Design and installation of HVAC systems
Vege-factory Co., Ltd.	¥350 million	100.00%	Plant factory consulting Design and supervision, production and sales of vegetables Cultivation support at plant factories
TKS Industrial Company	USD 10 thousand	100.00%	Design and installation of paint finishing and HVAC systems
Encore Automation LLC <sup>1,3</sup>	_	100.00%	Design and installation of paint systems and plants for automobile industry and aviation industry
Taikisha Canada Inc. <sup>1</sup>	CAD 442 thousand	100.00%	Design and installation of paint finishing and HVAC systems
Taikisha de Mexico, S.A. de C.V. <sup>1</sup>	MXN 11,729 thousand	100.00%	Design and installation of paint finishing and HVAC systems
Taikisha do Brasil Ltda. <sup>1</sup>	BRL 12,107 thousand	100.00%	Design and installation of paint finishing and HVAC systems
Taikisha (Singapore) Pte. Ltd.	SGD 20 million	100.00%	Design and installation of HVAC and paint finishing systems
Taikisha (Thailand) Co., Ltd. <sup>1</sup>	THB 40 million	85.65%	Design and installation of HVAC and paint finishing systems
Taikisha Trading (Thailand) Co., Ltd. <sup>1</sup>	THB 5 million	98.60%	Exports and imports of HVAC and paint finishing systems and other products for plants
Thaiken Maintenance & Service Co., Ltd. <sup>1</sup>	THB 5 million	100.00%	Maintenance services and small-scale works, etc.
Token Interior & Design Co., Ltd. <sup>1</sup>	THB 20 million	88.20%	Manufacture and sales of interior goods and materials
TKA Co., Ltd. <sup>1</sup>	THB 5 million	99.00%	Manufacture and sales of precision machinery parts
Token Myanmar Co., Ltd. <sup>1</sup>	USD 200 thousand	95.00%	Interior decoration-related design and installation
Taikisha Engineering (M) Sdn. Bhd.	MYR 750 thousand	100.00%	Design and installation of HVAC and paint finishing systems
P.T. Taikisha Indonesia Engineering	IDR 982 million	98.91%	Design and installation of HVAC and paint finishing systems
P.T. Taikisha Manufacturing Indonesia <sup>1</sup>	IDR 87,531 million	100.00%	Painting of automobile parts
Taikisha Philippines Inc. <sup>2</sup>	PHP 22 million	40.00%	Design and installation of HVAC and paint finishing systems

Company name	Capital	Percentage of voting rights held by the Company	Principal business
Taikisha Vietnam Engineering Inc.	VND 53,895 million	100.00%	Design and installation of HVAC and paint finishing systems
Taikisha (Cambodia) Co., Ltd.	USD 300 thousand	100.00%	Design and installation of HVAC and paint finishing systems
Taikisha Myanmar Co., Ltd. <sup>1</sup>	USD 2 million	100.00%	Design, installation and maintenance of HVAC and paint finishing systems
Taikisha Lao Co., Ltd. <sup>1</sup>	USD 505 thousand	100.00%	Design and installation of HVAC and paint finishing systems
WuZhou Taikisha Engineering Co., Ltd.	CNY 51 million	70.00%	Design and installation of paint finishing and HVAC systems
Tianjin Taikisha Paint Finishing System Ltd. <sup>1</sup>	CNY 73 million	90.00%	Research, development, manufacture, sales and maintenance of paint systems
Taikisha Hong Kong Limited	HKD 2 million	100.00%	Design and installation of HVAC and paint finishing systems
Taikisha (Taiwan) Ltd.	TWD 230 million	100.00%	Design and installation of HVAC and paint finishing systems
Taikisha Korea Ltd.	KRW 700 million	80.00%	Design and installation of paint finishing and HVAC systems
Taikisha Engineering India Private Ltd.	INR 5 million	57.89%	Design and installation of paint finishing and HVAC systems
Nicomac Taikisha Clean Rooms Private Limited	INR 10 million	100.00%	Manufacture, mounting and design of clean rooms

#### (Notes)

- 1. For the companies marked with "1," the percentage of voting rights held by the Company includes the equity investment by the Company's subsidiaries.
- 2. Although the Company's equity in the company marked with "2" is less than 50%, this company is included in the category of "consolidated subsidiaries" as the Company substantially controls it.
- 3. The company marked with "3" is a "limited liability company" under U.S. laws; the "Capital" is not stated in the table because the concept precisely falling under such "capital" does not exist.
- 4. In the fiscal year ended March 31, 2023, the Company entered into a contract to transfer a portion of its shares in Geico S.p.A. ("Geico") and the transfer has been completed. With this share transfer, Geico and its consolidated subsidiaries, J-CO America Corporation, J-CO Mexico, S.de R.L.de C.V., Geico Brasil Ltda., Geico Paint Shop India Private Limited, Geico Painting System (Suzhou) Co., Ltd., "Geico Russia" LLC, Geico Taikisha GmbH, Process Solution Partner Rus LLC, and Geico Taikisha Controls d.o.o. have been excluded from the scope of consolidation.
- 5. In the fiscal year ended March 31, 2023, the Taikisha Group transferred all of its shares of BTE Co., Ltd. ("BTE"), and BTE has been excluded from the scope of consolidation.

# (5) Principal Business

The Taikisha Group is mainly engaged in the design, supervision and installation of HVAC systems and paint finishing systems in Japan and overseas, as well as in the manufacture and sales of related equipment and materials. Major markets and client fields for each business segment are as follows:

Green Technology System Division	<ul> <li>General-purpose HVAC systems for offices, hotels, stores, schools, research institutes, theaters, halls, hospitals, data centers and so forth</li> <li>Industrial HVAC systems, including clean rooms and plant factories, for factories and plants of semiconductors, electronic parts/components, batteries, precision machinery, pharmaceuticals, foods and so forth</li> </ul>
Paint Finishing System Division	Paint finishing systems in factories not only for automobile parts/components such as chassis and bumpers slated for automobile industry but also for construction vehicles, rolling stock, aircraft, general-purpose industrial equipment and the like

#### (6) Principal Business Locations

1) The Company

Head Office	8-17-1, Nishi-Shinjuku, Shinjuku-ku, Tokyo	
Branch	Sapporo Office, Tohoku Branch Office (Sendai-shi), Kanto-Shinetsu Office (Saitama-shi), Tokyo Branch Office (Nakano-ku, Tokyo), Yokohama Office, Chubu Branch Office (Nagoya-shi), Osaka Branch Office, Chugoku Office (Hiroshima-shi), Kyushu Branch Office (Fukuoka-shi), Marketing and Development Dept. (Shinjuku-ku, Tokyo), East Japan Office (Shinjuku-ku, Tokyo), West Japan Office (Nagoya-shi), Automation Office (Zama-shi, Kanagawa)	
Sales Office	Ibaraki (Tsukuba-shi), Hokuriku (Kanazawa-shi), Nagano, Kyoto, Kobe, Kagoshima	
Research Laboratory	ch Laboratory  Technical Center (Zama-shi, Kanagawa), Research and Developm Center (Aikawa-cho, Aiko-gun, Kanagawa)	

#### 2) Subsidiaries

San Esu Industry Co., Ltd. Hirakata-shi, Osaka Japan Nippon Noise Control Ltd. Nakano-ku, Tokyo Tokyo Taikisha Service Ltd. Shinjuku-ku, Tokyo Vege-factory Co., Ltd. Kasukabe-shi, Saitama TKS Industrial Company Overseas U.S.A. **Encore Automation LLC** U.S.A. Taikisha Canada Inc. Canada Taikisha de Mexico, S.A. de C.V. Mexico Taikisha do Brasil Ltda. Brazil Taikisha (Singapore) Pte. Ltd. Singapore Taikisha (Thailand) Co., Ltd. Thailand Thailand Taikisha Trading (Thailand) Co., Ltd. Thailand Thaiken Maintenance & Service Co., Ltd. Token Interior & Design Co., Ltd. Thailand TKA Co., Ltd. Thailand Token Myanmar Co., Ltd. Myanmar Taikisha Engineering (M) Sdn. Bhd. Malavsia Indonesia P.T. Taikisha Indonesia Engineering Indonesia P.T. Taikisha Manufacturing Indonesia Taikisha Philippines Inc. The Philippines Taikisha Vietnam Engineering Inc. Vietnam Taikisha (Cambodia) Co., Ltd. Cambodia Taikisha Myanmar Co., Ltd. Myanmar Taikisha Lao Co., Ltd. Laos WuZhou Taikisha Engineering Co., Ltd. China Tianjin Taikisha Paint Finishing System Ltd. China China Taikisha Hong Kong Limited Taikisha (Taiwan) Ltd. Taiwan Taikisha Korea Ltd. South Korea India Taikisha Engineering India Private Ltd. Nicomac Taikisha Clean Rooms Private Limited India

(7) Employees 1) Taikisha Group

Type of business	Number of employees	Increase/Decrease from previous fiscal year-end
Equipment installation work	4,890	(189)

2) The Company

,	<i>j</i>			
	1 5	Increase/Decrease from previous fiscal year-end	Δverage age	Average years of service
	1,611	56	42.5	16.0

# (8) Major Lenders

(Millions of yen)

Lenders	Balance of borrowings
Mizuho Bank, Ltd.	1,237
MUFG Bank, Ltd.	786
Sumitomo Mitsui Banking Corporation	311

#### 2. Status of Shares

(1) Number of Shares

**Total Number of Authorized Shares Total Number of Issued Shares**  100,000,000 shares 33,322,020 shares

(excluding 259,989 treasury shares)

3,386 persons

(a year-on-year decrease of 22 persons)

659

1.98

(3) Major Shareholders (top 10)

(2) Number of Shareholders

Name of shareholders	Number of shares held (in thousands)	Percentage of shares held to the total number of issued shares (%)
The Master Trust Bank of Japan, Ltd. (Trust Account)	6,488	19.47
Kenzaisha Ltd.	1,730	5.19
Taikisha Employees Shareholding Association	1,175	3.53
Custody Bank of Japan, Ltd. (Trust Account)	1,174	3.52
Sumitomo Realty & Development Co., Ltd.	1,134	3.41
Taikisha Business Partners Shareholding Association	1,066	3.20
THE BANK OF NEW YORK MELLON (INTERNATIONAL) LIMITED 131800	1,041	3.12
Dai ni Kenzaisha Ltd.	1,000	3.00
Nippon Life Insurance Company	866	2.60

#### (Notes)

Mizuho Bank, Ltd.

- The Company holds 259,989 treasury shares but are excluded from the list of major shareholders above. The above treasury shares do not include 117,500 shares of the Company held by Custody Bank of Japan, Ltd. (Trust E Account), because of the introduction of the ESOP (Employee Stock Ownership Plan). The above treasury shares do not include 120,700 shares of the Company held by Custody Bank of Japan, Ltd. (Trust E Account), because of the introduction of the Board Benefit Trust (BBT).
- 2. The "Percentage of shares held to the total number of issued shares" is calculated by subtracting treasury shares from all issued shares.

# (4) Shares Delivered to Company Officers as Compensation for the Execution of their Duties in the Fiscal Year

Not applicable.

#### (5) Other Share-Related Significant Matters

1) Acquisition of treasury shares

The Company has completed the acquisition of treasury shares, which was resolved at the Board of Directors meeting held on August 10, 2022, as follows.

(1) Total number of shares acquired	881,700 shares
(2) Total price of shares acquired	2,999,665,500 yen
(3) Period of acquisition	From August 12, 2022 to February 17, 2023
(4) Reason for acquisition	To enhance shareholder returns and to increase capital
	efficiency as well as to enable the Company to implement
	a flexible capital strategy in response to changes in the
	business environment.

#### 2) Retirement of treasury shares

The Company has retired 1,500,000 treasury shares on February 28, 2023 pursuant to the resolution of the Board of Directors meeting held on February 10, 2023.

#### 3) ESOP (Employee Stock Ownership Plan)

The Company introduced an ESOP (Employee Stock Ownership Plan) (the "Plan"), an incentive program granting the stocks of the Company to its employees to motivate them toward improving the Company's stock prices and financial results.

The Plan has a scheme in which shares of the Company are awarded to its eligible employees who have satisfied certain requirements in accordance with Stock Granting Regulations set forth in advance by

the Company. Said Company's shares are acquired with money initially contributed to a trust, including future portions, and separately managed as a trust estate.

#### 4) Board Benefit Trust (BBT)

The Company has introduced a Board Benefit Trust (BBT) (hereinafter referred to as the "System"), which is a performance-linked stock-based compensation plan, meant to further clarify the link between the compensation of Executive Directors and the Company's operating performance and stock value, thereby enhancing their motivation to contribute to the improvement of operating performance in the medium and long term and to boost corporate value. At the Board of Directors meeting held on March 30, 2023, it was resolved to establish the Corporate Officer Stock Benefit Rules with an effective date of April 1, 2023, and to add Corporate Officers to those eligible for stock benefits under the System.

Under this System, in accordance with the Director Stock Benefit Rules and Corporate Officer Stock Benefit Rules established in advance by the Company, Executive Directors and Corporate Officers of the Company who satisfy certain requirements can receive the Company's shares after their retirement. The said shares including the future portion are acquired in advance, through money designated to the trust, and are managed separately as trust assets.

3. Share Subscription Rights (Shinkabu Yoyakuken) of the Company, etc. Not applicable.

#### 4. Company Officers

(1) Directors and Audit & Supervisory Board Members

Position	Name	Assignments in the Company and important positions con-currently held at other companies		
1 OSITION	Name			
Representative Director	Koji Kato	President Corporate Officer		
Director	Kazuhide Hayakawa	Executive Corporate Officer, Chief General Manager, Paint Finishing System Division		
Director	Yasushi Nakajima	Executive Corporate Officer, Chief Executive, Administrative Management Headquarters		
Director	Masanori Nakagawa	Executive Corporate Officer, Chief Executive, Corporate Planning Headquarters and in charge of CSR		
Director	Masashi Osada	Executive Corporate Officer, Chief General Manager, Green Technology System Division		
Director	Hirokazu Hikosaka	Lawyer		
Director	Kiyotaka Fuke			
Director	Masasuke Kishi			
Director	Nobuko Mizumoto	Advisor, IHI Corporation Director (External Director and Audit & Supervisory Committee Member), Tokuyama Corporation		
Full-time Audit & Supervisory Board Member	Toshiyuki Hanazawa			
Full-time Audit & Supervisory Board Member	Makoto Wakida			
Full-time Audit & Supervisory Board Member	Hiroyuki Matsunaga			
Audit & Supervisory Board Member	Shigeo Kobayashi	Certified Public Accountant		
Audit & Supervisory Board Member	Nobuyuki Soda	Director and President, Corporate-Pension Business Service Co., Ltd. Outside Director, Audit and Supervisory Committee Member, The Hyakujushi Bank, Ltd.		

#### (Notes)

- 1. Directors Hirokazu Hikosaka, Kiyotaka Fuke, Masasuke Kishi, and Nobuko Mizumoto are Outside Directors.
- 2. Audit & Supervisory Board Members Toshiyuki Hanazawa, Shigeo Kobayashi and Nobuyuki Soda are Outside Audit & Supervisory Board Members.
- 3. Audit & Supervisory Board Member Toshiyuki Hanazawa has experience in accounting as a general manager of accounting department at a leading non-life insurance company, and therefore has abundant knowledge regarding finance and accounting affairs. Also, Audit & Supervisory Board Member Shigeo Kobayashi has abundant knowledge regarding finance and accounting affairs as a certified public accountant.
- 4. The Company has notified the Tokyo Stock Exchange of the designation of Directors Hirokazu Hikosaka, Kiyotaka Fuke, Masasuke Kishi, and Nobuko Mizumoto, as well as Audit & Supervisory Board Members Toshiyuki Hanazawa, Shigeo Kobayashi and Nobuyuki Soda, as Independent Directors/Auditors as stipulated in the provisions of the Tokyo Stock Exchange.

5. Effective April 1, 2023, there was a change in the following Directors' positions and assignments.

Name	After change	Before change	
	Representative Director, President	Director, Executive Corporate	
Masashi Osada	Corporate Officer	Officer, Chief General Manager,	
		Green Technology System Division	
Yasushi Nakajima	Representative Director, Executive	Director, Executive Corporate	
	Corporate Officer, Chief Executive,	Officer, Chief Executive,	
	Administrative Management	Administrative Management	
	Headquarters	Headquarters	
Masanori Nakagawa	Director, Executive Corporate	Director, Executive Corporate	
	Officer, Chief Executive, Corporate	Officer, Chief Executive, Corporate	
	Planning Headquarters and in charge	Planning Headquarters and in charge	
	of Sustainability Promotion	of CSR	
Koji Kato	Director	Representative Director, President	
	Director	Corporate Officer	
Kazuhide Hayakawa		Director, Executive Corporate	
	Director	Officer, Chief General Manager, Paint	
		Finishing System Division	

#### (2) Outline of limited liability agreement

The Company has concluded limited liability agreements respectively with all Directors who are not executive directors and all Audit & Supervisory Board Members to limit their liability for damages under Article 423, Paragraph 1 of the Companies Act, in accordance to the provision of Article 427, Paragraph 1 of the Act.

The liability for damages both for such Directors and Audit & Supervisory Board Members pursuant to the agreements is up to the minimum liability amount provided for in laws and regulations.

#### (3) Outline of directors and officers liability insurance contract

The Company has entered into a directors and officers liability insurance contract with an insurance company. The said insurance contract will cover damages that may arise due to insured Officers, etc. assuming liability for their execution of duties, or receiving a claim for the pursuit of such liability. All Directors, Audit & Supervisory Board Members and Corporate Officers, etc. of the Company and its subsidiaries are insured under the said insurance contract. The insurance premiums are fully borne by the Company. Also, the Company takes the following measure to prevent the appropriateness of duty execution by Officers, etc. from being compromised: the insurance contract does not cover personal damages, etc. of the Officer arising from his/her criminal acts, or acts committed with the knowledge that they violate the law.

#### (4) Compensation, etc. of Directors and Audit & Supervisory Board Members in the fiscal year

- Matters regarding policy for determining details of compensation, etc. of individual Directors and Audit & Supervisory Board Members
- a. Policy
  - The Company has determined the policy concerning the amount of compensation to Directors and Audit & Supervisory Board Members and the calculation method thereof, and the details of the policy are as follows.
  - (i) Basic views on the system of compensation
    - The compensation to Executive Directors (Directors who concurrently serve as Corporate Officers) is composed of basic compensation, which is fixed compensation, and bonus and stock-based compensation, which are performance-linked compensation. The amount of bonus and stock-based compensation fluctuates in close correlation with evaluations of the financial indicators (consolidated ordinary income) and the non-financial indicators (initiatives for long-term strategies (including sustainability, investment in human capital and intellectual property, etc.) and strengthening of governance) to serve as an incentive for achieving their performance goals. Compensation to Non-Executive Directors (Outside Directors and Directors who do not concurrently serve as Corporate Officers; hereinafter the same applies) and Audit & Supervisory Board members is limited to basic compensation and no bonus and stock-based compensation shall be paid.

#### (ii) Compensation structure

- a. Compensation to Directors and Audit & Supervisory Board Members is composed of basic compensation, which is fixed compensation, and bonus and stock-based compensation, which are performance-linked compensation. The types of compensation applicable according to officer classification are as follows:
- · Executive Directors: Basic compensation, bonuses, stock-based compensation
- · Non-Executive Directors: Basic compensation
- · Audit & Supervisory Board Members: Basic compensation
- b. The ratio of fixed compensation to performance-linked compensation (total bonus and stock-based compensation) within the total compensation paid to Executive Directors shall be approximately 6:4 based on the standard payment amount, and shall change depending on the "(iii) Performance-linked compensation scheme" below.

#### (iii) Performance-linked compensation scheme

Performance-linked compensation is composed of bonus and stock-based compensation, with an amount equivalent to 50% paid as bonus and 50% as stock-based compensation. Performance-linked compensation is evaluated based on financial indicators (consolidated ordinary income) and non-financial indicators (initiatives for long-term strategies (including sustainability, investment in human capital and intellectual property, etc.) and strengthening of governance), with the evaluation ratio being 70% for financial indicators and 30% for non-financial indicators. For the 30% portion of the non-financial indicators, the payment rate will fluctuate within the range of 70% to 130%, depending on the degree of target achievement.

Consolidated ordinary income is one of the key KPIs in the Company's Mid-Term Business Plan, and is thus selected as a financial indicator for the calculation of performance-linked compensation. In addition to the base payment amount equal to a fixed percentage of consolidated ordinary income, if consolidated ordinary income exceeds a certain amount, an amount obtained by multiplying the base payment by the ratio of excess performance shall be paid as an extra payment, which is expected to serve as an incentive for achieving numerical targets in the Mid-Term Business Plan, thereby further improving the Company's operating performance. In addition, a fixed percentage (30%) of the total amount will be evaluated based on these non-financial indicators in order to provide an incentive to further strengthen initiatives for sustainability, investment in human capital and intellectual property, and governance as part of the long-term strategy.

The bonus is paid in cash after the Company's operating performance is finalized. For stock-based compensation, points are granted after the Company's operating performance is finalized. The points granted will be provided, in principle, to Executive Directors at the time of their retirement in the form of the Company's shares or cash equivalent to the fair value thereof.

#### (iv) Level of compensation

The Compensation Advisory Committee verifies the level of compensation by analyzing and comparing compensation data of industry peer companies from survey data compiled by a third-party organization.

#### b. Methods for decisions on compensation

Based on "a. Policy (i) Basic views on the system of compensation" above, the Representative Director, President, delegated by the Board of Directors, determines the system and level, etc. of Directors' compensation upon consultation with the Compensation Advisory Committee, which is chaired by an Outside Director. The compensation details thus determined are reported to the Compensation Advisory Committee. In this manner, the Company improves the objectivity and transparency of the process for determining compensation.

#### c. Methods for decisions on policy

The policy for compensation, etc. of Directors and Audit & Supervisory Board Members is determined by the Board of Directors upon consultation with the Compensation Advisory Committee.

2) Matters regarding resolution of Shareholders' Meeting for compensation, etc. of Directors and Audit & Supervisory Board Members

At the 71st Annual Shareholders' Meeting held on June 29, 2016, a resolution was adopted to set the amount of monetary compensation to Directors to be within ¥540 million per year (of which that for Outside Directors to be within ¥20 million per year) (excluding employee salaries for Directors concurrently serving as employees). As of the conclusion of the said Annual Shareholders' Meeting,

there were ten (10) Directors, including two (2) Outside Directors. Subsequently, at the 76th Annual Shareholders' Meeting held on June 29, 2021, a resolution was adopted to revise the amount of compensation to Outside Directors of the Company to be within ¥60 million per year. As of the conclusion of the said Annual Shareholders' Meeting, there were nine (9) Directors, including four (4) Outside Directors.

As a separate category from the said monetary compensation, at the 74th Annual Shareholders' Meeting held on June 27, 2019, a resolution was adopted to introduce a Board Benefit Trust (BBT), a performance-linked stock-based compensation plan (for Executive Directors), with the maximum amount that the Company can contribute to the trust set at ¥450 million (for every three fiscal years). As of the conclusion of the said Annual Shareholders' Meeting, there were seven (7) Executive Directors. At the 59th Annual Shareholders' Meeting held on June 29, 2004, a resolution was adopted to set the amount of monetary compensation to Audit & Supervisory Board Members to be within ¥85 million per year. As of the conclusion of the said Annual Shareholders' Meeting, there were five (5) Audit & Supervisory Board Members.

3) Matters regarding delegation of decisions regarding details of compensation, etc. of individual Directors At the Company, based on the resolution of delegation by the Board of Directors, the Representative Director, President can decide the specific details of compensation, etc. of individual Directors within the scope of the policy and scheme stated in "1) a. Policy," on the premise that the decisions are in accordance with the compensation amount approved at a Shareholders' Meeting, and he fully respects recommendations from the Compensation Advisory Committee. For the fiscal year ended March 31, 2023, the Representative Director, President Koji Kato has decided the details. Such decisions are delegated to the Representative Director, President as the Company has deemed that he is the most suitable person to determine the individual compensation of each Director, since the Representative Director, President conducts evaluations of the duties and responsibilities that each Director is in charge of, based on the overall operating results of the Taikisha Group. Upon consultations with and reports on results to the Compensation Advisory Committee by the Representative Director, President, the Company improves the objectivity and transparency of the decision-making process regarding compensation. Therefore, the Board of Directors has deemed that the details of compensation of individual Directors are in accordance with the Company's policy for determining compensation.

4) Total amount, etc. of compensation, etc. to Directors and Audit & Supervisory Board Members

Category		Total amount of compensation, etc. by type			
	Total amount of compensation, etc.	Fixed compensation	Performance-linked compensation		Number of
		Basic compensation	Bonus	Stock-based compensation	persons
Directors (excluding Outside Directors)	¥348 million	¥213 million	¥67 million	¥67 million	5
Outside Directors	¥54 million	¥54 million	_	_	4
Audit & Supervisory Board Members (excluding Outside Audit & Supervisory Board Members)	¥45 million	¥45 million	_	_	2
Outside Audit & Supervisory Board Members	¥38 million	¥38 million	_	_	3

#### (Notes)

- 1. The amounts of compensation, etc. to Directors include ¥67 million in bonuses expected to be paid and ¥67 million in stock-based compensation expected to be paid relating to the fiscal year.
- 2. Details of the performance indicators selected as the basis for calculating the amount of performance-linked compensation, reasons for selecting the said performance indicators and the calculation method of the amount of performance-linked compensation are stated in "4. (4) 1) a. (iii) Performance-linked compensation scheme." The trend of consolidated ordinary income, including this fiscal year, is stated in "1. (2) Trends of assets and income and losses" (available only in Japanese).

# (5) Outside Officers

# 1) Relationship between other companies where important positions are concurrently held by our outside officers and the Company

The important positions that are concurrently held by each of the outside officers of the Company are as stated in "(1) Directors and Audit & Supervisory Board Members" above. There are no special interests between each company where each outside officer concurrently serves and the Company.

# 2) Major activities during the year

Position	Name	Main activities at the meetings
Director	Hirokazu Hikosaka	Attended all 17 meetings (attendance rate: 100%) of the Board of Directors held during the fiscal year ended March 31, 2023. Made timely remarks from an independent and objective standpoint and fulfilled management supervisory function, based on his professional expertise and experience as a lawyer and specialized knowledge regarding legal affairs and internal control that he has accumulated. Also contributed to the improvement of corporate governance of the Taikisha Group and the assurance of objectivity and transparency of officer candidate selection and director compensation by proactively providing advice and making proposals at the Governance Committee, Nomination Advisory Committee, and Compensation Advisory Committee, which are voluntary committees of the Board of Directors. In addition, he served as the chairperson of the Governance Committee.
Director	Kiyotaka Fuke	Attended all 17 meetings (attendance rate: 100%) of the Board of Directors held during the fiscal year ended March 31, 2023. Made timely remarks from an independent and objective standpoint and fulfilled management supervisory function, based on his abundant expertise and experience as a manager at a leading life insurance company and specialized knowledge regarding governance, human resources development, etc. that he has accumulated. Contributed to the activation of discussions as the chairperson of the Board of Directors. Also contributed to the improvement of corporate governance of the Taikisha Group and the assurance of objectivity and transparency of officer candidate selection and director compensation by proactively providing advice and making proposals at the Governance Committee, Nomination Advisory Committee, and Compensation Advisory Committee, which are voluntary committees of the Board of Directors. In addition, he served as the chairperson of the Nomination Advisory Committee.
Director	Masasuke Kishi	Attended all 17 meetings (attendance rate: 100%) of the Board of Directors held during the fiscal year ended March 31, 2023. Made timely remarks from an independent and objective standpoint and fulfilled management supervisory function, based on his abundant expertise and experience as a manager at a leading business corporation and specialized knowledge regarding the information and communications sector and governance that he has accumulated. Also contributed to the improvement of corporate governance of the Taikisha Group and the assurance of objectivity and transparency of officer candidate selection and director compensation by proactively providing advice and making proposals at the Governance Committee, Nomination Advisory Committee, and Compensation Advisory Committee, which are voluntary committees of the Board of Directors. In addition, he served as the chairperson of the Compensation Advisory Committee.

Director	Nobuko Mizumoto	Attended all 17 meetings (attendance rate: 100%) of the Board of Directors held during the fiscal year ended March 31, 2023. Made timely remarks from an independent and objective standpoint and fulfilled management supervisory function, based on her abundant expertise and experience as a manager at a leading business corporation and specialized knowledge regarding the DX sector, operational reforms, human resources development, etc. that she has accumulated. Also contributed to the improvement of corporate governance of the Taikisha Group and the assurance of objectivity and transparency of officer candidate selection and director compensation by proactively providing advice and making proposals at the Governance Committee, Nomination Advisory Committee, and Compensation Advisory Committee, which are voluntary committees of the Board of Directors.
Audit & Supervisory Board Member	Toshiyuki Hanazawa	Attended all 17 meetings (attendance rate: 100%) of the Board of Directors and all 13 meetings (attendance rate: 100%) of the Audit & Supervisory Board held during the fiscal year ended March 31, 2023, and made remarks to ensure the legality of decision making by the Board of Directors based on his abundant expertise and experience as a manager of a leading non-life insurance company as well as his specialized knowledge. Also exchanged opinions with the Representative Director and conducted audit visits to branch offices, branches, business offices, and subsidiaries as a full-time Audit & Supervisory Board Member.
Audit & Supervisory Board Member	Shigeo Kobayashi	Attended all 17 meetings (attendance rate: 100%) of the Board of Directors and all 13 meetings (attendance rate: 100%) of the Audit & Supervisory Board held during the fiscal year ended March 31, 2023, and made remarks to ensure the legality of decision making by the Board of Directors based on his professional expertise and abundant experience as a certified public accountant and professional knowledge about finance and accounting. Also exchanged opinions with the Representative Director and conducted audit visits to branch offices, branches, business offices, and subsidiaries.
Audit & Supervisory Board Member	Nobuyuki Soda	Attended all 17 meetings (attendance rate: 100%) of the Board of Directors and 12 of 13 meetings (attendance rate: 92.3%) of the Audit & Supervisory Board held during the fiscal year ended March 31, 2023, and made remarks to ensure the legality of decision making by the Board of Directors based on his abundant expertise and experience as a manager at a leading life insurance company as well as his specialized knowledge. Also exchanged opinions with the Representative Director and conducted audit visits to audit visits to branch offices, branches, business offices, and subsidiaries.

# 5. Accounting Auditor

# (1) Designation of the Accounting Auditor

**A&A Partners** 

(2) Accounting Auditor's Compensation, etc., Pertaining to the Fiscal Year Ended March 31, 2023

	<u> </u>	
	Amount of compensation, etc.	¥79 million
A&A Partners	Cash and other profits payable by the	
	Company and its subsidiaries to the	¥79 million
	Accounting Auditor	

#### (Notes)

- 1. The Audit & Supervisory Board of the Company examined the status of executed duties for the preceding fiscal years, the grounds for calculating the estimated compensation and other factors with required materials and reports, which were obtained and/or heard from the Directors, relevant inhouse departments/sections and the Accounting Auditor. As a result, judging that the compensation amounts above are fair and reasonable, the Audit & Supervisory Board has given its consent, as set forth in Article 399, Paragraph 1, of the Companies Act, with regard to compensation, etc., to the Accounting Auditor.
- 2. Under the audit agreement between the Company and the Accounting Auditor, compensation to audits pursuant to the Companies Act and audits pursuant to the Financial Instruments and Exchange Act are not strictly separated and otherwise cannot be substantially distinguished from each other. Consequently, the above amount reflects total compensation.
- 3. The Company's overseas subsidiaries are audited by Certified Public Accountants or audit corporations (including those with comparable qualifications abroad) other than the Company's Accounting Auditor.

# (3) Non-Audit Services

Not applicable.

# (4) Policy regarding Determination of Dismissal or Non-Reappointment of Accounting Auditor

In the event that the Accounting Auditor is deemed to have fallen under any of the grounds set forth in the items of Article 340, Paragraph 1, of the Companies Act, and his or her dismissal is judged to be appropriate, the Audit & Supervisory Board shall decide such dismissal subject to the unanimous consent of Audit & Supervisory Board Members. In that case, the dismissal of said Accounting Auditor and reasons therefor will be reported by an Audit & Supervisory Board Member designated by the Audit & Supervisory Board at the first shareholders' meeting to be convened after the dismissal. In addition, should the Accounting Auditor be deemed unable to perform an audit properly, the Audit & Supervisory Board shall decide the details of a proposal for the dismissal or non-reappointment of the Accounting Auditor to be submitted to the shareholders' meeting, based on the provisions stipulated in Article 344 of the Companies Act.

# 6. The Company's Systems to Ensure Proper Execution of Business, as well as Operational Status of Said Systems

# (1) Systems to Ensure Proper Execution of Business

The Board of Directors of the Company has determined its basic policy for the systems to ensure proper execution of business (the internal control system), which is set forth in the Companies Act and the Ordinance for Enforcement of the Companies Act, as follows (partially revised on March 29, 2022):

# [Objectives]

The Company shall provide for the basic policy for improvement and operation of the internal control system of the Company and the Taikisha Group as follows, pursuant to the Companies Act and the Ordinance for Enforcement of the Companies Act, in order to familiarize and thoroughly carry out execution of observance of the laws and regulations, and to ensure proper and efficient business operation.

# [Specific contents]

# 1. The System to Ensure the Appropriateness of Operations in the Taikisha Group

- (1) The Company shall provide for Mission Statement "Customers First", Corporate Philosophy, and Management Vision, as well as remind all persons involved about and realize them.
- (2) The Company shall appoint appropriate and diverse Directors who can contribute to realization of materiality which the Taikisha Group shall address, assess them properly, and establish the Director compensation system which provides a strong incentive. In order to ensure transparency in appointment of Directors and the Director compensation system, the Nomination Advisory Committee and the Compensation Advisory Committee shall be established, which are chaired by an Outside Director.
- (3) The Board of Directors shall resolve policies and measures for improving and establishing the optimal governance system to the Company and the Taikisha Group, and monitor its operation status on a regular basis. Through consultation on the resolutions with the Governance Committee which is chaired by an Outside Director and composed mainly of Outside Officers, the governance system shall be further optimized.
- (4) The Internal Control Committee composed of Executive Directors shall, as an executive body on the executive side, implement measures for improving and establishing the optimal governance system on the basis of resolutions by the Board of Directors.
- (5) The Company shall provide for the Affiliate Management Rules to establish management systems of the group companies including an improvement of the reporting system to the Company, make operations of the group companies appropriate, and improve management efficiency of the entire Taikisha Group.
- (6) The Company shall carry out audits for the Company and group companies by the Internal Audit Department on a regular basis in accordance with the Internal Audit Rules. As a result of the internal audits, when a risk of loss for the Company and group companies is found, Directors, Audit & Supervisory Board Members, and other responsible departments shall be so reported and immediately take appropriate measures.
- (7) The Company shall set the Basic Rules for Internal Control, and improve a system for ensuring appropriateness and reliability concerning financial reports.
- (8) As a Company with an Audit & Supervisory Board, the Company shall establish the audit system set forth in 6 to 7 of this basic policy. With said system, Audit & Supervisory Board Members shall audit improvement and operation status of the internal control system of the Company and group companies on a regular basis.

# 2. The System to Ensure Execution of Duties in Conformity with Laws and Regulations, and the Articles of Incorporation

- (1) The Company shall establish the Taikisha Ltd. Code of Conduct, make all Directors and employees aware of legal compliance, and promote the improvement of the compliance system. At the Compliance Committee chaired by the Representative Director, President, issues on compliance in the entire business shall be considered and dealt with, and a status of compliance shall be verified.
- (2) The Company shall, as the Whistle-blowing System, have in place an internal reporting system reporting to the Corporate Compliance Department and an external reporting system reporting to an independent outside attorney. If a risk such as legal violation is found in the Company and group companies, appropriate measures shall be taken immediately.
- (3) In the event of signs of a significant event, the Corporate Compliance Committee consisting of all officers, the General Manager of the Corporate Compliance Department, and the General Manager of the Internal Audit Department shall be convened promptly in order to deal with such event.

(4) The Company shall refuse any involvement of Anti-Social Forces in its business, reject any requirement from them, and prohibit all Directors and employees of the Company and group companies to have any relationship with them in order to thoroughly exclude Anti-Social Forces.

# 3. The System regarding Risk Management

(Under usual condition)

- (1) The Company shall establish the Risk Management Rules and, at the Risk Management Committee, identify risks of the Company and group companies in an integrated fashion and implement effective and efficient risk management.
- (2) Depending on risks identified by the Risk Management Committee, each department shall formulate and implement specific countermeasures. Progress and results shall be reported to the Board of Directors via the Risk Management Committee.

(In a contingency)

(3) For the purpose of response to exposed potential major risks (hereinafter referred to as crisis) and management thereof, the Company shall establish the Crisis Management Committee. In the event that crisis breaks out, the Company shall, in accordance with the basic policy of crisis management, establish the crisis management team or the crisis task force to respond to the crisis under the supervision of the Crisis Management Committee. The Company shall also establish a business continuity plan to restore the damage caused by the crisis.

# 4. The System regarding the Storage and Management of Information Related to the Execution of Duties

- (1) Information and documents related to execution of duties shall be handled pursuant to internal rules and regulations, especially the Information Security Rules and Document Management Rules, and shall be appropriately stored, managed and disposed of.
- (2) The Company shall have in place a system to disclose information concerning corporate activities in a timely and appropriate manner in accordance with laws and regulations, as well as the disclosure requirements of Tokyo Stock Exchange, etc.

#### 5. The System to Ensure the Efficient Execution of Duties

- (1) Based on the Board of Directors Rules, Rules for Managerial Approval, and other internal rules, the Board of Directors shall resolve and monitor important matters. In relation to matters submitted to the Board of Directors, adequate materials shall be delivered in advance, and enough time for deliberation shall be ensured. The criteria for submission to the Board of Directors shall be appropriately checked and reviewed.
- (2) With a corporate officer system, responsibilities and authorities of corporate management and duty execution shall be clarified, aiming for revitalization of the Board of Directors and promotion of rapid decision making.
- (3) The Management Meeting, mainly consisting of the Executive Directors, shall carry out sufficient deliberations and prompt decision making on management issues and specific matters of the Company and the Taikisha Group delegated by the Board of Directors.
- (4) With the Company's Corporate Philosophy as a foundation, each departmental headquarters and business divisions, after the Policy Review Meeting, shall establish an appropriate annual policy and annual target, and shall work in order to achieve those targets.

# 6. The System regarding Reporting to the Audit & Supervisory Board Members

- (1) When finding the following matters, Directors and employees shall immediately report to Audit & Supervisory Board Members.
  - i) Matters which may cause serious harm to the Company and group companies
  - ii) Significant violation of laws and regulations or internal rules concerning execution of duties by the Company and group companies
  - iii) Violation of laws and regulations and the Articles of Incorporation by Directors and employees or facts that may lead to such violations
- (2) The manager of the responsible department of the Company who received a report from group companies shall make a report at a meeting at which the Audit & Supervisory Board Members are present or as necessary to the Audit & Supervisory Board Members of the Company in accordance with the Affiliate Management Rules.
- (3) The Internal Audit Department shall report an internal audit plan and audit results to the Audit & Supervisory Board Members on a regular basis.

- (4) The Corporate Compliance Department shall report operation status of the Whistle-blowing System, matters reported, and contents of consultations to the Audit &Supervisory Board Members on a regular basis.
- (5) Internal approval documents and proceedings of important meetings, etc. shall be always available for the Audit & Supervisory Board Members.
- (6) The Corporate Compliance Department shall, at the request of the Audit & Supervisory Board, monitor and supervise the situation so that the person who made a report is not treated in a disadvantageous manner because he or she made such report.

#### 7. System to Ensure the Effective Implementation of Audits by Audit & Supervisory Board Members

- (1) Other than the Board of Directors meeting, Audit & Supervisory Board Members may attend the Management Meeting, and other important meetings to express opinions.
- (2) Directors and employees shall, upon request from Audit & Supervisory Board Members, explain matters concerning business execution.
- (3) The Representative Director, the Chief Executive of the Administrative Management Headquarters, and the General Manager of the Internal Audit Department shall arrange meetings and consultations in order to thoroughly discuss and examine the improvement of the environments for audits conducted by Audit & Supervisory Board Members, and shall ensure the effectiveness of such audits.
- (4) Audit & Supervisory Board Members may make requests for improvement of the audit system and other related matters in order to ensure the effectiveness of audits conducted by them.
- (5) The Company shall establish the Audit & Supervisory Board Members Office under the Audit & Supervisory Board Members and appoint employees who shall assist with the Audit & Supervisory Board Members' duties.
- (6) Consent from Audit & Supervisory Board Members shall be required for appointment, dismissal and transfer of those employees from positions and personnel evaluation, and the Company shall ensure that they are independent of Directors and instructions to them are effective.
- (7) Audit & Supervisory Board Members may request that any expenses incurred with respect to the execution of duties be paid in advance or reimbursed in accordance with the provisions of the Audit & Supervisory Board Rules.

# (2) Summary of Operational Status of the Systems to Ensure Proper Execution of Business

The operational status of the internal control system for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2023, was as follows:

#### 1) Compliance-related Initiatives

During the fiscal year, 12 Compliance Committee meetings were held to examine and discuss the compliance-related issues of the Taikisha Group and verify the status of compliance with laws and regulations.

To raise the awareness of compliance among officers and employees, the Company took several measures such as transmitting information via its intranet, posting posters for enlightenment, holding workshops to explain compliance manuals and training officers and employees (e.g., e-learning and staff training at various locations). The Corporate Compliance Department disseminated regularly the internal reporting systems via its intranet and posters.

#### 2) Risk Management-related Initiatives

Two Risk Management Committee meetings were held to examine and discuss basic policies on the risk management of the Taikisha Group. Regarding risks associated with departmental operations, pursuant to the basic policy on risk management, each department identified risks, drafted and implemented specific measures against the risks, and reported their status to the Risk Management Committee.

3) Initiatives to Ensure the Appropriateness and the Efficiency of the Execution of Duties by Directors
Seventeen Board of Directors meetings were held for decision making of the Taikisha Group's
management policies and important management issues, as well as for monitoring the execution of
duties by Directors with reference to reports on their business execution.

Twenty-seven Management Meetings were held to deliberate and make decisions on important execution of business entrusted by the Board of Directors and the matters to be submitted to the Board of Directors.

- 4) Initiatives to Ensure the Appropriateness of Operations Conducted by the Taikisha Group Regarding the important matters stipulated in the Affiliate Management Rules, we received reports from subsidiaries. In addition, we regularly checked compliance with the Affiliate Management Rules by subsidiaries.
- 5) Initiatives to Ensure the Effectiveness of Reporting to Audit & Supervisory Board Members and the Audits by Audit & Supervisory Board Members

Audit & supervisory board members attended the meetings of the Board of Directors, the Management Meeting and other important meetings to understand the execution of duties by directors, and collected information and received reports from the directors, employees and other relevant personnel regarding performance of their duties.

The Internal Audit Department timely reported the results of its internal audits within the Group to the Board of Directors and reported the executed status of the audit plan and internal audits, the results of audits and other related matters to the audit & supervisory board members.

# (Note)

Amounts and numbers of shares in this Business Report are rounded down to the nearest unit, while ratios and other figures are rounded off to the nearest unit.

# Consolidated Balance Sheet (As of March 31, 2023)

(Millions of yen)

Account title	Amount	Account title	Amount
(Assets)	rinount	(Liabilities)	7 Hillouit
Current assets	184,467	Current liabilities	95,940
Cash and deposits	46,988	Notes payable, accounts payable for construction contracts and other	55,472
Notes receivable, accounts receivable from completed	124,236	Short-term loans payable	2,942
construction contracts and other	12 1,230	Income taxes payable	1,772
Costs on uncompleted construction contracts	2,346	Advances received on uncompleted construction contracts	23,306
Raw materials and supplies	843	Provision for warranties for	614
Other	10,721	completed construction	614
Allowance for doubtful accounts	(668)	Provision for loss on construction	300
Non-current assets	52,638	contracts	300
Property, plant and equipment	8,557	Provision for directors' bonuses	71
Buildings and structures	8,043	Other	11,460
Machinery, vehicles, tools,	7,852	Non-current liabilities	9,172
furniture and fixtures	,	Long-term loans payable	98
Land	1,705	Deferred tax liabilities	7,034
Other	1,163	Provision for directors' retirement	56
Accumulated depreciation	(10,207)	benefits	
Intangible assets	5,929	Provision share-based remuneration	212
Goodwill	3,640	for directors	1 2 42
Customer-related assets	1,184	Net defined benefit liability	1,343
Other	1,104	Other	427
Investments and other assets	38,152	Total liabilities	105,112
Investment securities	26,487	(Net assets)	100 122
Deferred tax assets	582	Shareholders' equity	109,133
Net defined benefit asset	8,595	Capital stock	6,455
Other Allowance for doubtful accounts	2,993	Capital surplus	3,540
Allowance for doubtful accounts	(507)	Retained earnings	100,296
		Treasury shares	(1,158)
		Accumulated other comprehensive income	16,657
		Valuation difference on available- for-sale securities	10,535
		Deferred gains or losses on hedges	(63)
		Foreign currency translation adjustment	4,779
		Accumulated remeasurements of defined benefit plans	1,405
		Non-controlling interests	6,201
		Total net assets	131,992
<b>Total assets</b>	237,105	Total liabilities and net assets	237,105

# Consolidated Statement of Income (From April 1, 2022, to March 31, 2023)

(Millions of yen)

	T	(Millions of yen)
Account title	Amou	
Net sales of completed construction contracts		214,793
Cost of sales of completed construction contracts		181,721
Gross profit on completed construction contracts		33,071
Selling, general and administrative expenses		21,515
Operating income		11,556
Non-operating income		
Interest and dividends income	1,022	
Foreign exchange gains	78	
Other	664	1,766
Non-operating expenses		
Interest expenses	152	
Other	168	320
Ordinary income		13,001
Extraordinary income		
Gain on disposal of non-current assets	18	
Gain on sales of investment securities	1,844	
Gain on sale of shares of subsidiaries and associates	881	2,744
Extraordinary losses		
Loss on disposal of non-current assets	57	
Impairment loss	642	
Loss on sale of investment securities	0	
Loss on valuation of investment securities	21	
Loss on sale of shares of subsidiaries and associates	3	
Business restructuring expenses	2,461	3,188
Profit before income taxes		12,557
Income taxes-current	4,002	
Income taxes-deferred	(286)	3,716
Profit		8,841
Profit attributable to non-controlling interests		924
Profit attributable to owners of parent		7,917
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# Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income (From April 1, 2022, to March 31, 2023)

(Millions of ven)

	(Millons of yen)
Account title	Amount
Profit	8,841
Other comprehensive income	
Valuation difference on available-for-sale securities	(1,372)
Deferred gains or losses on hedges	(38)
Foreign currency translation adjustment	2,664
Remeasurements of defined benefit plans	(516)
Share of other comprehensive income of entities accounted for using equity method	29
Total other comprehensive income	765
Comprehensive income	9,607
Comprehensive income	
Comprehensive income attributable to owners of parent	8,467
Comprehensive income attributable to non- controlling interests	1,139

# (Notes)

- Amounts of less than one million yen are rounded down.

  The amounts in this statement are not subject to audit procedures by the Accounting Auditor.

# Consolidated Statement of Changes in Net Assets (From April 1, 2022, to March 31, 2023)

(Millions of yen)

		Shareholders' equity				
	Capital stock	Capital surplus	Retained earnings	Treasury shares	Total shareholders' equity	
Balance at the beginning of current period	6,455	5,058	99,893	(2,544)	108,862	
Changes of items during the period						
Dividends of surplus			(4,093)		(4,093)	
Profit attributable to owners of parent			7,917		7,917	
Purchase of treasury shares				(3,001)	(3,001)	
Retirement of treasury shares		(116)	(4,270)	4,386	_	
Purchase of shares of consolidated subsidiaries		(1,401)			(1,401)	
Sale of shares of consolidated subsidiaries			850		850	
Net changes of items other than shareholders' equity						
Total changes of items during the period		(1,517)	403	1,385	271	
Balance at the end of current period	6,455	3,540	100,296	(1,158)	109,133	

(Millions of yen)

	Accumulated other comprehensive income						nons or yen)
	Valuation difference on available- for-sale securities	Deferred gains or losses on hedges	Foreign currency translation adjustment	Remeasure- ments of defined benefit plans	Total accumulated other comprehen- sive income	Non- controlling interests	Total net assets
Balance at the beginning of current period	11,908	(25)	2,017	1,932	15,833	6,092	130,788
Changes of items during the period							
Dividends of surplus							(4,093)
Profit attributable to owners of parent							7,917
Purchase of treasury shares							(3,001)
Retirement of treasury shares							
Purchase of shares of consolidated subsidiaries							(1,401)
Sale of shares of consolidated subsidiaries							850
Net changes of items other than shareholders' equity	(1,372)	(38)	2,761	(526)	824	109	933
Total changes of items during the period	(1,372)	(38)	2,761	(526)	824	109	1,204
Balance at the end of current period	10,535	(63)	4,779	1,405	16,657	6,201	131,992

<sup>(</sup>Note) Amounts of less than one million yen are rounded down.

# **Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements**

# [Notes regarding the Basis for Preparing Consolidated Financial Statements]

1. Scope of consolidation

Number of consolidated subsidiaries 31

Names of significant subsidiaries

San Esu Industry Co., Ltd.

TKS Industrial Company

TKS Industrial Company Taikisha (Thailand) Co., Ltd.

WuZhou Taikisha Engineering Co., Ltd.

In this consolidated fiscal year, the Company entered into a contract to transfer a portion of its shares in Geico S.p.A. ("Geico") and the transfer has been completed. With this share transfer, Geico and its consolidated subsidiaries, J-CO America Corporation, J-CO Mexico, S.de R.L.de C.V., Geico Brasil Ltda., Geico Paint Shop India Private Limited, Geico Painting System (Suzhou) Co., Ltd., "Geico Russia" LLC, Geico Taikisha GmbH, Process Solution Partner Rus LLC, and Geico Taikisha Controls d.o.o. have been excluded

from the scope of consolidation.

In this consolidated fiscal year, the Taikisha Group transferred all of its shares of BTE Co., Ltd. ("BTE"), and BTE has been excluded from the scope of consolidation.

2. Application of the equity method

(1) Number and names of associates subject to the equity method

Number of associates 2

Names of associates FreDelish Co., Ltd.

Tianjin Dongchun-Taiki Metal Finishing & Conveyor

System Manufacturing Co., Ltd.

(2) Name of associate not subject to the equity method

Name of associate Makiansia Engineering (M) Sdn. Bhd.

Reason for not applying the equity method The associate not subject to the equity method is excluded

from the scope of application of the equity method because even if it is excluded from the scope of application of the equity method, it has minor impact on net income (proportionate to equity holdings), retained earnings (proportionate to equity holdings), etc., in the consolidated

financial statement.

3. Accounting policies

(1) Standards and methods for valuation of significant assets

Securities

Held-to-maturity debt securities

Amortized cost method (straight-line method)

Shares of associates Stated at cost using the moving average method

Available-for-sale securities

Securities other than shares, etc. that

do not have a market price

Stated at fair value based on the market prices at the end of

the fiscal year. (Valuation difference is reported as a separate item in net assets at net-of-tax amount. The cost of securities sold is stated at cost, determined by the moving average

method.)

Shares, etc. that do not have a market

price

Stated at cost using the moving average method

Derivatives Stated at fair value

Inventories

Costs on uncompleted construction

contracts

Stated at cost using the specific identification method

Raw materials and supplies

Stated at cost determined by the moving average method (The amounts stated in the balance sheets are calculated by writing down the book value based on the decline in profitability.)

(2) Depreciation method for principal depreciable assets

Property, plant and equipment (excluding leased assets)

The declining-balance method is mainly applied. However, the straight-line method is applied to buildings (excluding facilities attached to buildings) acquired on or after April 1, 1998, and is applied to facilities attached to buildings and structures acquired on or after April 1, 2016. Certain overseas consolidated subsidiaries apply the straight-line method. The useful lives and residual values of depreciable assets are estimated mainly in accordance with the

Corporation Tax Act.

Intangible assets

(excluding leased assets)

The straight-line method is applied. However, computer software for internal use is amortized by the straight-line method over the estimated internal useful life (5 years). Customer-related assets are amortized by the straight-line

method over the effective period (10 years).

Leased assets Leased assets under finance leases that do not transfer

ownership of the leased assets to the lessee are depreciated by the straight-line method over the lease period with a

residual value of zero.

(3) Standards of accounting for principal allowance and provisions

Allowance for doubtful accounts

In order to prepare for losses due to bad debts such as accounts receivable from completed construction contracts and other, the allowance for doubtful accounts is provided at the estimated amount of uncollectable debt. For receivables classified as "normal," it is provided based on a historical default ratio. For receivables classified as "doubtful" etc., it is provided based on individual assessment on the probability of collection.

Provision for warranties for completed

construction

In order to prepare for the costs of repairs for damages related to completed construction work for which the Company and its consolidated subsidiaries (collectively, the "Companies") are responsible, the provision is provided based on past warranty experience.

Provision for loss on construction contracts

In order to prepare for future losses related to the

construction contracts in process, the provision is provided based on estimated amount which will probably be incurred

and which can be reasonably estimated.

Provision for directors' bonuses

In order to prepare for directors' bonuses, the provision is provided based on the estimated payment of the fiscal year.

Provision for directors' retirement benefits 
In order to prepare for directors' retirement benefits,

domestic consolidated subsidiaries recognize the provision for accrued retirement benefits to directors at 100 percent of the amount required by their internal policies for retirement

benefits.

Provision for share-based remuneration for directors

In order to prepare for share-based remuneration to executive directors upon their retirements, the estimated amount of provision for share-based obligation as of the fiscal year end is provided based on the Director Stock Benefit Rules.

(4) Accounting standards for revenues and expenses

The details of the main performance obligations in the major businesses related to revenue from contracts with the Taikisha Group's customers and the timing at which the Company typically satisfies these performance obligations (when it typically recognizes revenue) are as follows:

1) Construction contracts, etc.

In the Green Technology System business and the Paint Finishing System business, performance obligations for construction contracts, etc. mainly involving design, supervision, and installation are deemed to be satisfied over time, and revenue is recognized based on progress toward complete satisfaction of a performance obligation. The progress of satisfaction of performance obligations in revenue recognition over time is measured by the ratio of incurred costs to estimated total costs (input methods). In addition, revenue is recognized by cost recovery method in case incurred costs are expected to be recoverable though the progress of satisfaction of performance obligations cannot be

2) Sales of equipment and materials

In the green technology system business and the paint finishing system business, performance obligations for sales of equipment and materials are deemed to be satisfied at a point in time, and revenue is recognized when products are delivered.

(5) Other important matters for presenting the Consolidated Financial Statements Important methods of hedge accounting

1) Method of hedge accounting

reasonably measured.

Accounted for using the deferral method of accounting. With regard to forward exchange contracts that meet the requirements for deferral hedge accounting, deferral hedge accounting is applied.

2) Hedging instruments and hedged items

Hedging instruments Forward exchange contracts,

non-deliverable forwards

(NDF)

Foreign currency receivables, Hedged items

foreign currency payables, future transactions in foreign currency and interest-rate trading for loans payable

3) Hedging policy

The Companies use forward exchange contracts not for the purpose of speculation but for hedging future risks of fluctuation of foreign currency exchange rates.

4) Assessment of hedge effectiveness

As forward exchange contracts in the same currency are used for forward exchange transactions, the correlation to subsequent exchange rate fluctuations is completely ensured. Accordingly, evaluation of hedge effectiveness is omitted.

Accounting procedure for retirement benefits 1) Method of attributing the projected benefit obligations to periods of service

In calculating the retirement benefit obligations, the benefit formula basis is used to allocate the projected retirement benefits to the years of service up to the end of the fiscal year.

2) Amortization method for actuarial differences and prior service costs

Actuarial differences are amortized using the straight-line method over a certain period of time (10 years) within the average remaining service period of employees from the

following fiscal year of accrual.

Prior service costs are amortized using the straight-line method over a certain period of time (10 years) within the average remaining service period of employees from the fiscal year of accrual.

Amortization method and period for goodwill

Goodwill is amortized by the straight-line method over the effective period not exceeding 20 years. However, an immaterial goodwill is recognized as expenses in the fiscal year of accrual.

# [Notes regarding Change in Accounting Policy]

The "Implementation Guidance on Accounting Standard for Fair Value Measurement" (ASBJ Guidance No. 31, June 17, 2021) has been applied from the beginning of the fiscal year ended March 31, 2023. In accordance with the transitional treatment prescribed in Paragraph 27-2 of the Implementation Guidance on Accounting Standard for Fair Value Measurement, the Company has decided to apply the new accounting policies set forth by the Implementation Guidance on Accounting Standard for Fair Value Measurement to the future. This change has no impact on the Consolidated Financial Statements.

# [Notes regarding Accounting Estimates]

- 1. Estimate of percentage of completion in construction contracts, etc. in which revenue is recognized over time
- (1) Amount recorded on Consolidated Financial Statements for this consolidated fiscal year Net sales of completed construction contracts ¥189,094 million
- (2) Information on details of important accounting estimates concerning items identified At the Taikisha Group, of the construction contracts as of the consolidated fiscal year-end, if the percentage of completion can be reasonably estimated for specific construction contracts, etc. in which revenue is recognized over time, revenue is recorded according to the said percentage of completion.

The percentage of completion is measured by the ratio of cost incurred as of the fiscal year-end to estimated total costs based on the working budget for the construction contract (input methods).

Regarding the total estimated cost for the construction contract until its completion, as changes may occur in line with the progress, etc. of the construction contract, the Taikisha Group shall continuously review the said estimates and assumptions.

The total estimated cost is calculated based on various types of information, including the details of the said construction contract, etc., the specifications, and the actual cost incurred in similar contracts in the past, for each contract. In particular, regarding projects undertaken by the Taikisha Group, specifications of the contract and details of the work are determined based on the customer's requests, and the details of each contract differ greatly from other contracts. If hindrances to the project's progress that were not foreseen at the initial stage of the contract occur, additional assessments and estimates may be required regarding the altered conditions and the extent of each component in the emergency response.

In addition, the total estimated cost may increase due to factors such as soaring prices of equipment and materials as a result of global circumstances.

As the predictions of such assumptions come with a high level of uncertainty depending on changes in each individual project's conditions, if there is an impact on the total estimated cost and as a result the actual figure differs greatly from the estimate, there may be a material impact on the amount of future income on the consolidated financial statements.

2. Valuation of goodwill and intangible assets

(1) Amount recorded on the consolidated financial statements for this consolidated fiscal year

Goodwill ¥3,640 million
Customer-related assets ¥1,184 million

(2) Information on details of important accounting estimates concerning items identified Regarding goodwill and customer-related assets as of the consolidated fiscal year-end, after verifying the presence of signs of impairment, the Taikisha Group assesses if the recognition and measurement of an impairment will be necessary.

In conducting the recognition and measurement of impairment loss, assumptions will be made regarding the

discount rate and future cash flows mainly based on the business plan and then applied.

These assumptions are determined at the discretion of management based on the best estimates. However, as they may be affected by the results of fluctuations, etc. of uncertain economic conditions in the future, if they have to be reviewed, there may be a material impact on the consolidated financial statements.

#### [Notes to Consolidated Balance Sheet]

1. Of notes receivable, accounts receivable from completed construction contracts and other, receivables from contracts with customers and contract assets are as follows:

Notes receivable 9,672
Accounts receivable from completed construction contracts 48,339
Contract assets 66,224

# 2. Pledged assets

(1) The following assets are pledged as collateral for loans payable at subsidiaries and associates.

(Millions of yen)

Asset pledged as collateral	Book value	Secured obligations corresponding to the asset at left
Cash and deposits	280	189
Machinery, vehicles, tools, furniture and fixtures	6	4

(2) The following assets are pledged as collateral for security deposits at subsidiaries and associates.

Cash and deposits

¥60 million

(3) The following assets are pledged as collateral for overdraft facilities of subsidiaries and associates.

Cash and deposits

¥19 million

3. Guarantee obligations

The Company guarantees loans payable, etc., made by its associates under agreements concluded with financial institutions.

Tianjin Dongchun-Taiki Metal Finishing & Conveyor System Manufacturing Co., Ltd.

¥484 million

4. Endorsed notes ¥20 million

# [Notes to Consolidated Statement of Income]

- 1. Revenue from contracts with customers
  - With regard to net sales of completed construction contracts, the Company does not disaggregate revenues from contracts with customers and other sources of net sales of completed construction contracts. The amount of revenue from contracts with customers is presented in "(Notes regarding Revenue Recognition) 1. Information on revenue from contracts with customers" in Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.
- 2. Provision for loss on construction contracts included in the cost of sales of completed construction contracts is ¥151 million.

# [Notes to Consolidated Statement of Changes in Net Assets]

1. Type and total number of issued shares as of the consolidated fiscal year end Common shares

33,582,009 shares

#### 2. Dividends

# (1) Dividends paid

Resolution	Type of shares	Total dividends (Millions of yen)	Dividend per share (Yen)	Shareholders' cut-off date	Effective date
Annual Shareholders' Meeting on June 29, 2022		2,394	70.00	March 31, 2022	June 30, 2022
Board of Directors Meeting on November 10, 2022	Common shares	1,699	50.00	September 30, 2022	November 30, 2022

- (Notes) 1. The total dividends resolved at the Annual Shareholders' Meeting held on June 29, 2022 include dividends of \( \)\( \)8 million paid on the Company's shares held by Custody Bank of Japan, Ltd. (Trust E Account) as the trust assets of Board Benefit Trust (BBT).
  - 2. The total dividends resolved at the Board of Directors Meeting held on November 10, 2022 include dividends of ¥6 million paid on the Company's shares held by Custody Bank of Japan, Ltd. (Trust E Account) as the trust assets of Board Benefit Trust (BBT).
- (2) Dividends whose record date is during the fiscal year, but whose effective date is after the end of the fiscal year

The following matters concerning the dividends of common shares are proposed at the Annual Shareholders' Meeting held on June 29, 2023.

1) Total dividends

¥2,365 million

2) Dividend per share

¥71.00

3) Shareholders' cut-off date

March 31, 2023

4) Effective date

June 30, 2023

Retained earnings are planned to be used as the source of dividends.

(Note) The total dividends include dividends of ¥8 million to be paid on the Company's shares held by Custody Bank of Japan, Ltd. (Trust E Account) as the trust assets of Board Benefit Trust (BBT).

# [Notes regarding Financial Instruments]

- 1. Status of Financial Instruments
- (1) Policies on financial instruments

The Companies invest its temporary surplus funds in financial assets that are highly secure and procures its short-term working capital in the form of borrowings from financial institutions. The Companies utilize derivatives only to hedge their exposure to the risks as described below and do not enter into such transactions for speculative purposes.

(2) Description of financial instruments, related risks and risk management system

Notes receivable, accounts receivable from completed construction contracts and other, which are trade receivables, are exposed to the credit risk of the respective customers. As for the credit risk of customers, the Companies' management system allows us to monitor the credit standing of major customers at any time on a timely basis based on the maturity and balance control by customer. Meanwhile, trade receivables denominated in foreign currencies, which originate from global business operations, are exposed to the risk of exchange rate fluctuations and are partly hedged by utilizing forward exchange contracts.

Investment securities are those of companies with which the Companies have business relations and money trusts, etc. for the investment of temporary surplus funds. Although they are exposed to the risk of fluctuations in market price and credit risk, the Companies continuously monitor through regular checks of the fair value and financial positions of the issuers.

Notes payable, accounts payable for construction contracts and other, which are trade payables, generally mature within one year. While some of them are denominated in foreign currencies for the purpose of importing machinery and equipment and raw materials, etc. and are exposed to the risk of exchange rate fluctuations, the amount of those items are invariably less than the balance of accounts receivable from completed construction contracts, which are similarly denominated in foreign currencies.

Income taxes payable are imposed on the taxable income of the Companies for the fiscal year, and they all mature within one year.

Both short-term and long-term loans payable are fund-raising means associated with business transactions. Short-term loans payable with variable interest rates are exposed to the risk of interest-rate fluctuations. However, long-term loans payables, which are procured at fixed interest rates, in principle, are hedged against interest-rate fluctuation risk.

Derivative transactions consist of forward exchange contracts and NDFs aimed at hedging the risk of fluctuations in exchange rates for exports and imports in the course of ordinary business operations, as well as interest rate swaps aimed at hedging the risk of fluctuations in the interest rates for loans payable. Forward exchange contracts and NDFs are executed and managed in accordance with the relevant guideline regarding foreign exchange control issued by the Chief Executive of the Administrative Management Headquarters. This guideline clearly stipulates regulations for the management policies on derivative transactions, the regulating division and department in charge of risk management, purposes of use, scope of utilization, reporting system. As for interest rate swaps, only those that meet the requirements for the application of special treatment are executed. Derivative transactions are executed only with financial institutions with high credit ratings to reduce the credit risk.

Although trade payables and loans payable are exposed to liquidity risk, the Companies strive to control the liquidity risk such as by having each Group company prepare a monthly cash management plan.

# (3) Supplementary explanation on fair value of financial instruments, etc.

The contractual amounts, etc., with regard to derivative transactions in "2. Fair Value of Financial Instruments" below only indicate nominal contractual or notional principal amounts in derivative transactions, and they do not indicate risk amounts in connection with the corresponding derivative transactions.

#### 2. Fair Value of Financial Instruments

The following table indicates the book value, the fair value and the differences thereof as of March 31, 2023.

(Millions of yen)

	Book value	Fair value	Difference
(1) Notes receivable, accounts receivable from completed construction contracts and other	124,236		
Allowance for doubtful accounts*2	(205)		
	124,030	123,966	(63)
(2) Investment securities*3	25,436	25,436	_
Total assets	149,466	149,402	(63)
(3) Notes payable, accounts payable for construction contracts and other	55,472	55,458	(14)
(4) Short-term loans payable	2,942	2,942	_
(5) Long-term loans payable	98	98	(0)
Total liabilities	58,513	58,498	(14)
(6) Derivative transactions	(95)	(95)	_

<sup>\*1.</sup> Cash and deposits and income taxes payable are not stated because they are settled within a short period of time and their book value approximates fair value.

(Millions of yen)

Category	Book value
Available-for-sale securities	
Non-listed stocks	1,046
Non-listed foreign bonds	4

<sup>\*2. &</sup>quot;Allowance for doubtful accounts" separately included in "notes receivable, accounts receivable from completed construction contracts and other" is deducted.

<sup>\*3.</sup> Stocks and other securities without market prices are not included in (2) Investment securities. Book values of such financial instruments in the Consolidated Balance Sheet are as follows.

(Note 1) Redemption schedule for monetary receivables and securities with maturities

(Millions of yen)

Category	Within one year	Over one year and within five years	Over five years and within 10 years	Over 10 years
Cash and deposits	46,988	_	_	_
Notes receivable, accounts receivable from completed construction contracts and other	112,686	11,503	46	_
Investment securities				
Available-for-sale securities with maturity dates (non-listed foreign bonds)	_	4	Ι	_
Total	159,675	11,507	46	_

# 3. Fair value information by level within the fair value hierarchy

The fair value of financial instruments is classified into the following three levels according to the observability and materiality of inputs used to measure fair value.

Level 1 fair value: Fair value measured using (unadjusted) quoted prices in active markets for the same

assets or liabilities.

Level 2 fair value: Fair value measured using directly or indirectly observable inputs other than Level 1

inputs.

Level 3 fair value: Fair value measured using unobservable material inputs.

If multiple inputs that have a significant impact on the fair value measurement are used, fair value is classified to the level with the lowest priority in the fair value measurement among the levels to which each of those inputs belongs.

# (1) Financial instruments measured at fair value

(Millions of yen)

				willions of yell)			
Category	Fair value						
Category	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total			
Investment securities							
Available-for-sale securities							
Stocks	25,436	_	_	25,436			
Total assets	25,436			25,436			
Derivative transactions	_	(95)	_	(95)			

# (2) Financial instruments other than those measured at fair value

(Millions of yen)

Catagory	Fair value						
Category	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total			
Notes receivable, accounts receivable							
from completed construction	_	123,966	_	123,966			
contracts and other							
Total assets		123,966		123,966			
Notes payable, accounts payable for construction contracts and other		55,458		55,458			
Short-term loans payable	_	2,942	_	2,942			
Long-term loans payable	_	98	_	98			
Total liabilities		58,498		58,498			

(Note) Description of valuation techniques and inputs used in the fair value measurements Assets

(1) Notes receivable, accounts receivable from completed construction contracts and other:

The fair value of these assets is determined based on the present value calculated by applying discount rates, which take into account the remaining period prior to maturity and the credit risk, for receivables individually segmented by certain duration, and their fair value is classified as Level 2.

#### (2) Investment securities:

As for the calculation of the fair value of these assets, listed stocks are valued using quoted prices. As listed stocks are traded in active markets, their fair value is classified as Level 1.

1) The differences between the book value and acquisition cost are as follows: Available-for-sale securities with fair value (as of March 31, 2023)

(Millions of yen)

Category	Book value	Acquisition cost	Difference
Securities whose book value exceeds their acquisition cost			
Stocks	22,541	7,227	15,313
Securities whose book value does not exceed their acquisition cost			
Stocks	2,894	3,034	(140)
Total	25,436	10,262	15,173

- 2) Sales of available-for-sale securities in the fiscal year amounted to \(\frac{1}{43}\),145 million, the total gain on sales amounted to \(\frac{1}{41}\),844 million, and the total loss on sales amounted to \(\frac{1}{40}\) million.
- 3) The "Acquisition cost" in the table above is the book value after deducting impairment losses. The Companies recognize an impairment loss when the fair value of stocks falls 50% or more compared with the acquisition cost and there is no evidence to indicate that the fair value will recover to the book value within one year. When the fair value falls by 30% or more but less than 50% compared with the acquisition cost, the Companies recognize a necessary amount of impairment loss after considering the market prices in the past year and the possibility of recovery.

#### **Liabilities**

(3) Notes payable, accounts payable for construction contracts and other, and (4) Short-term loans payable The fair value of these liabilities is determined based on the present value calculated by applying discount rates, which take into account the remaining period prior to maturity or repayment and the credit risk, for payables individually segmented by certain duration. The fair value is classified as Level 2

# (5) Long-term loans payable

With regard to floating rate loans, the book value approximates the fair value because the market interest rate is reflected in the interest rate within a short period of time and the credit risk did not fluctuate significantly after borrowing. Therefore, the book value is used as the fair value and classified as Level 2. With regard to fixed rate loans, the fair value is determined based on the present value of the total principal and interest discounted by an interest rate to be applied to similar new loans, and classified as Level 2.

# (6) Derivative transactions

Fair value of derivative transactions is determined based on the prices and other data submitted by counterparty financial institutions, and classified as Level 2.

1) Derivative transactions not subject to hedge accounting For derivative transactions to which hedge accounting is not applied, contractual amounts or the notional principal amounts specified in the derivative contracts, fair value and gain (loss) on valuation as of the consolidated fiscal year end by type of target transaction, as well as the calculation method of said fair value, are as follows:

# Currency-related

(Millions of yen) Contract Gain/loss on Over one year Category Fair value Type amount valuation Forward exchange contracts: Buy: JPY 149 (3) (3) Non-market USD (0)(0)1 transactions **CNY** 1 (0) (0)Sell: JPY 9 (0)(0)USD 12 (0)(0)Total 173 (3) (3)

2) Derivative transactions to which hedge accounting is applied
For derivative transactions to which hedge accounting is applied, contractual amounts or the notional
principal amounts specified in the derivative contracts as of the consolidated fiscal year end by type of
hedge accounting method are as follows:

# Currency-related

(Millions of yen)

Hedging method	Transaction type	Main hedged item	Contract amount	Over one year	Fair value
	Forward exchange contracts: Buy:				
	тнв	Accounts payable for construction contracts (forecast)	86	_	2
	EUR	Accounts payable for construction contracts (forecast)	182	_	5
	CNY	Accounts payable for construction contracts (forecast)	30	_	(0)
	TWD		150	_	(7)
	Sell:	(forecast)			
Method in principle	USD	Accounts receivable from completed construction contracts (forecast)	67	_	(2)
	EUR	Accounts receivable from completed construction contracts (forecast)	70	_	(7)
	MYR	Accounts receivable from completed construction contracts (forecast)	1,539	114	(73)
	CNY Accounts refrom complete construction (forecast)		504	176	(3)
	INR	Accounts receivable from completed construction contracts (forecast)	60	_	(2)
	Total		2,691	290	(91)

#### [Notes regarding Revenue Recognition]

#### 1. Information on revenue from contracts with customers

(Millions of yen)

	_		
	Reportabl		
	Green Technology Paint Finishing		Total
	System business	System business	
Region			
Domestic	123,081	11,154	134,236
Overseas	48,762	31,793	80,556
Revenue from contracts with customers	171,844	42,948	214,793
Revenue from other sources	_	_	_
Sales to customers	171,844	42,948	214,793

# 2. Useful information in understanding revenue from contracts with customers

The Taikisha Group is engaged in construction contracts, etc. mainly involving design, supervision, and installation and sales of equipment and materials.

#### (1) Construction contracts, etc.

The Taikisha Group determines that control over assets is transferred to the customer over a certain period of time because performance of a construction contract or other contract results in creation of an asset or an increase in the value of an asset, and the customer gains control over the asset as the asset is created or the value of the asset increases. Therefore, revenue is recognized based on the degree of progress made in satisfying performance obligations as of the end of the fiscal year.

Degree of progress is measured by the ratio of the cost incurred to the total estimated cost (input methods), since it is possible to make a reasonable estimate of the total estimated cost based on the execution budget. When the degree of progress toward satisfying performance obligation cannot be

execution budget. When the degree of progress toward satisfying performance obligation cannot be reasonably estimated, but it is probable that the costs incurred will be recovered, revenue is recognized on a cost recovery basis.

# (2) Sales of equipment and materials

The Taikisha Group determines that control over equipment and materials is transferred to the customer and the performance obligation is satisfied at the time of delivery of a product, taking into account indicators related to the transfer of control, such as physical possession of the equipment and materials, and transfer status of significant risks and the economic value associated with ownership to the customer, and recognizes revenue at the time of delivery.

For these performance obligations, the Taikisha Group provides warranties such as free repair for defects that occur within a certain period of time after delivery, which provide assurance to the customer that the product will function as intended in accordance with the specifications agreed upon with the customer. Expected future expenditures for warranties are estimated by considering historical performance rates and recognized as a provision for warranties for completed construction.

In addition, terms of payment for these performance obligations are general and do not include a significant financial component.

- 3. Information on the relationship between satisfaction of performance obligations for contracts with customers and cash flow from these contracts, and information on the amount and timing of revenue expected to be recognized in the subsequent consolidated fiscal years from contracts with customers existing at the end of this consolidated fiscal year
  - (1) Contract assets and liabilities outstanding, etc.

	(Millions of yen)
Accounts receivable from completed construction contracts	79,781
(balance at the beginning of current period)	75,701
Accounts receivable from completed construction contracts	48,339
(balance at the end of current period)	40,557
Contract assets (balance at the beginning of current period)	22,266
Contract assets (balance at the end of current period)	66,224
Contract liabilities (balance at the beginning of current period)	6,901
Contract liabilities (balance at the end of current period)	23,306

In the Consolidated Balance Sheet, accounts receivable from completed construction contracts and contract assets are included in notes receivable, accounts receivable from completed construction contracts and other, while contract liabilities are presented as advances received on uncompleted construction contracts.

The amount of revenue recognized in this consolidated fiscal year that was included in the contract liability balance at the beginning of the period was ¥5,577 million. In addition, the amount of revenue recognized in this consolidated fiscal year from performance obligations that were satisfied (or partially satisfied) in prior periods was not material.

(2) Transaction prices allocated to remaining performance obligations

The total transaction price allocated to unfulfilled performance obligations and the time frame the

Company expects to recognize the amount as revenue are as follows:

(Millions of yen)

	Reportabl		
	Green Technology System business	Paint Finishing System business	Total
Region			
Domestic	117,331	26,543	143,875
Overseas	65,561	48,862	114,423
Total	182,892	75,406	258,299

The transaction value allocated to unfulfilled performance obligations in the "Green Technology System business" and "Paint Finishing System business" segments is expected to be recognized as net sales of completed construction contracts primarily within two years, based on the progress of construction.

# [Notes regarding Per-Share Information]

1. Net assets per share

¥3,788.75

2. Basic earnings per share

¥234.62

# [Note regarding Significant Subsequent Events]

Not applicable.

# [Other Notes]

(Note regarding Transactions of Delivering the Company's Own Stock to Employees, etc., through Trusts) At the occasion of the 100th anniversary since its foundation, the Company introduced an ESOP (Employee Stock Ownership Plan) (the "Plan"), an incentive program granting the stocks of the Company to its employees to motivate them toward improving the company's stock prices and financial results by enhancing the linkage of stock prices and financial results and sharing economic effects with shareholders.

(1) Outline of the transactions

The Plan has a scheme according to which shares of the Company are awarded for each period to the eligible employees in accordance with the Stock Granting Regulations set forth in advance by the Company. The Company grants predetermined points to employees and later awards the Company's shares, which

corresponds to the total number of accumulated points granted, after the lapse of a predetermined period. The Company's shares to be awarded to the employees shall be acquired by a trust bank from the Company through an allocation to a third party using funds that have been contributed to the trust and separately managed as a trust estate.

- (2) Although the Practical Solution on Transactions of Delivering the Company's Own Stock to Employees, etc., through Trusts (ASBJ PITF No. 30, March 26, 2015) has been applied, the previously applied method is continued for accounting.
- (3) Matters regarding the Company's own shares held by the trust
  - 1) The book value of the Company's own shares held by the trust for the fiscal year was ¥218 million. The Company's own shares held by the trust are not reported as treasury shares under shareholders' equity.
  - 2) The number of shares held as of the consolidated fiscal year end was 117 thousand, and the average number of shares outstanding during the year was 118 thousand. The number of shares as of the consolidated fiscal year end and the average number of shares outstanding during the year are not included in the number of treasury shares to be deducted in calculating per-share information.

(Introduction of a Board Benefit Trust (BBT) for Executive Directors, etc.)

Based on the resolution of the 74th Annual Shareholders' Meeting held on June 27, 2019, the Company has introduced a Board Benefit Trust (BBT) (hereinafter referred to as the "System"), which is a performance-linked stock-based compensation plan for Executive Directors of the Company from the previous consolidated fiscal year.

At the Board of Directors meeting held on March 30, 2023, it was resolved to establish the Corporate Officer Stock Benefit Rules with an effective date of April 1, 2023, and to add Corporate Officers (excluding non-residents of Japan, hereinafter referred to as "Executive Directors, etc." together with Executive Directors) to those eligible for stock benefits under the System.

The purpose of the System is to further clarify the link between the compensation of Executive Directors, etc. and the Company's operating performance and stock value and enhancing their motivation to contribute to the improvement of operating performance in the medium and long term and to boost corporate value by sharing not only the benefit of stock price increases but also the risk of stock price decreases with shareholders. In accordance with the Practical Solution on Transactions of Delivering the Company's Own Stock to Employees, etc., through Trusts (ASBJ PITF No. 30, March 26, 2015), the gross method has been applied for the accounting treatment under the System.

# (1) Outline of the System

The System is a performance-linked stock-based compensation plan whereby the Company's shares are acquired through a trust using money contributed by the Company (hereinafter, the trust established pursuant to the System is referred to as the "Trust") as funds, and the Company's shares and the amount of money equivalent to the value of the Company's shares calculated based on market value are distributed through the Trust to Executive Directors, etc. as compensation in accordance with the Director Stock Benefit Rules and Corporate Officer Stock Benefit Rules (hereinafter referred to as the "Director, etc. Stock Benefit Rules") established by the Company.

The Company's shares, etc. shall be granted to Executive Directors, etc. upon their retirement, in principle.

(2) The Company's shares that remain in the Trust

The Company's shares remaining in the Trust are recognized as treasury shares under net assets at the book value of the Trust (excluding ancillary expenses). The book value and number of treasury shares as of the consolidated fiscal year-end are \pm 398 million and 120,700 shares, respectively.

# **Non-consolidated Financial Statements**

# **Non-consolidated Balance Sheet**

(As of March 31, 2023)

(Millions of yen)

A 4.4.1	A .		11110118 01 yell)
Account title	Amount	Account title	Amount
(Assets)	111 (25	(Liabilities)	50 055
Current assets	111,635	Current liabilities	58,857
Cash and deposits	13,068	Notes payable-trade	2,408
Notes receivable-trade	327	Electronically recorded obligations-	22,781
Electronically recorded monetary	8,071	operating	,
claims	- ,	Accounts payable for construction	16,002
Accounts receivable from completed	86,566	contracts	-
construction contracts	00,000	Short-term loans payable	2,101
Costs on uncompleted construction	32	Lease liabilities	1
contracts		Accounts payable-other	5,432
Raw materials and supplies	236	Income taxes payable	1,343
Short-term loans receivable	100	Advances received on uncompleted	6,106
Other	3,520	construction contracts	•
Allowance for doubtful accounts	(288)	Deposits received	778
Non-current assets	55,115	Provision for warranties for	168
Property, plant and equipment	4,018	completed construction	100
Buildings	2,309	Provision for loss on construction	131
Structures	26	contracts	
Machinery and equipment	227	Provision for directors' bonuses	67
Vehicles	0	Other	1,532
Tools, furniture and fixtures	199	Non-current liabilities	4,743
Land	1,015	Long-term loans payable	96
Leased assets	2	Lease liabilities	0
Construction in progress	238	Deferred tax liabilities	4,137
Intangible assets	1,024	Provision for retirement benefits	137
Software	476	Provision for share-based	212
Other	547	remuneration for directors	
Investments and other assets	50,073	Other	159
Investment securities	25,883	Total liabilities	63,600
Shares of subsidiaries and	15,895	(Net Assets)	0.4 <=0
associates	·	Shareholders' equity	92,678
Long-term loans receivable	400	Capital stock	6,455
Long-term prepaid expenses	122	Capital surplus	7,297
Prepaid pension cost	6,713	Legal capital surplus	7,297
Lease and guarantee deposits	1,259	Retained earnings	80,084
Other	10	Legal retained earnings	1,613
Allowance for doubtful accounts	(212)	Other retained earnings	78,471
		Reserve for reduction entry	0
		Reserve for investment on	1,000
		information technology	•
		General reserve	35,720
		Retained earnings brought	41,751
		forward	
		Treasury shares Valuation and translation	(1,158)
			10,472
		adjustments Valuation difference on available-for-	•
		sale securities	10,535
		Deferred gains or losses on hedges	(63)
		Total net assets	103,151
Total assets	166,751	Total liabilities and net assets	166,751
10141 455015	100,731	iotai navinties and net assets	100,731

# Non-consolidated Statement of Income (From April 1, 2022, to March 31, 2023)

(Millions of yen)

		(Millions of yen)	
Account title	Amount		
Net sales of completed construction contracts		133,342	
Cost of sales of completed construction contracts		112,354	
Gross profit on completed construction contracts		20,987	
Selling, general and administrative expenses		13,801	
Operating income		7,185	
Non-operating income			
Interest income and dividends income	1,902		
Dividend income of insurance	178		
Real estate rent	182		
Foreign exchange gains	44		
Technical advisory fee	1,193		
Reversal of allowance for doubtful accounts	0		
Other	32	3,534	
Non-operating expenses			
Interest expenses	20		
Rent expenses on real estate	34		
Other	41	96	
Ordinary income		10,623	
Extraordinary income			
Gain on disposal of non-current assets	0		
Gain on sales of investment securities	1,844		
Gain on sale of shares of subsidiaries and associates	0	1,844	
Extraordinary losses			
Loss on disposal of non-current assets	38		
Impairment loss	0		
Loss on sale of investment securities	0		
Loss on valuation of investment securities	21		
Loss on valuation of shares of subsidiaries and associates	706		
Provision of allowance for doubtful accounts for subsidiaries and associates	273	1,040	
Profit before income taxes		11,427	
Income taxes-current	2,606		
Income taxes-deferred	274	2,881	
Profit		8,546	
	•		

# Non-consolidated Statement of Changes in Net Assets (From April 1, 2022, to March 31, 2023)

(Millions of yen)

		Shareholders' equity								
	Capital surplus					Retained earnings				
		54	Juli Suipi				Other retaine		3	
	Capital stock	Legal capital surplus	Other capital surplus	Total capital surplus	Legal retained earnings	Reserve for reduction entry	Reserve for investment	General reserve	Retained earnings brought forward	Total retained earnings
Balance at the beginning of current period	6,455	7,297	116	7,413	1,613	0	1,280	35,720	41,288	79,902
Changes of items during the period										
Reserve for investment on information technology							200		(200)	_
Reversal of reserve for investment on information technology							(480)		480	_
Dividends of surplus									(4,093)	(4,093)
Profit									8,546	8,546
Purchase of treasury shares										
Retirement of treasury shares			(116)	(116)					(4,270)	(4,270)
Net changes of items other than shareholders' equity										
Total changes of items during the period	_	_	(116)	(116)	_	_	(280)	_	462	182
Balance at the end of current period	6,455	7,297	_	7,297	1,613	0	1,000	35,720	41,751	80,084

	Shareholders' equity		Valuation a	Valuation and translation adjustments			
	Treasury shares	Total shareholders' equity	Valuation difference on available-for- sale securities	Deferred gains or losses on hedges	Total valuation and translation adjustments	Total net assets	
Balance at the beginning of current period	(2,544)	91,227	11,908	(24)	11,883	103,110	
Changes of items during the period							
Reserve for investment on information technology		_				_	
Reversal of reserve for investment on information technology		_				_	
Dividends of surplus		(4,093)				(4,093)	
Profit		8,546				8,546	
Purchase of treasury shares	(3,001)	(3,001)				(3,001)	
Retirement of treasury shares	4,386	_				_	
Net changes of items other than shareholders' equity			(1,372)	(38)	(1,411)	(1,411)	
Total changes of items during the period	1,385	1,451	(1,372)	(38)	(1,411)	40	
Balance at the end of current period	(1,158)	92,678	10,535	(63)	10,472	103,151	

# **Notes to Non-consolidated Financial Statements**

# [Notes regarding Significant Accounting Policies]

**Accounting Standards** 

(1) Standards and methods for valuation of assets

Securities

Held-to-maturity debt securities Shares of subsidiaries and associates

Available-for-sale securities

Securities other than shares, etc. that do not have a market price

Amortized cost method (straight-line method) Stated at cost using the moving-average method

Stated at fair value based on the market prices at the end of the fiscal year. (Valuation difference is reported as a separate item in net assets at net-of-tax amount. The cost of securities sold is stated at cost, determined by the moving average

method.)

Stated at fair value

Shares, etc. that do not have a market

price

Stated at cost using the moving-average method

Derivatives Inventories

Costs on uncompleted construction

contracts

Raw materials and supplies

Stated at cost using the specific identification method

Stated at cost determined by the moving average method (The amounts stated in the non-consolidated balance sheets are calculated by writing down the book value based on the decline in profitability.)

(2) Depreciation method for non-current assets Property, plant and equipment (excluding leased assets)

The declining-balance method is applied. However, the straight-line method is applied to buildings (excluding facilities attached to buildings) acquired on or after April 1, 1998, and is applied to facilities attached to buildings and structures acquired on or after April 1, 2016. The useful lives and the residual values of depreciable assets are estimated mainly in accordance with the Corporation Tax Act. The straight-line method is applied. However, computer

software for internal use is amortized by the straight-line method over the estimated internal useful life (5 years). Lease assets related to finance lease transactions that do not transfer ownership of the leased property to the lessee are depreciated on the straight-line method, assuming the lease

period as the useful life and no residual value.

Intangible assets (excluding leased assets)

Leased assets

(3) Standards of accounting for allowance and provisions

Allowance for doubtful accounts

In order to prepare for losses due to bad debts such as accounts receivable from completed construction contracts and other, the allowance for doubtful accounts is provided at the estimated amount of uncollectable debt. For receivables classified as "normal," it is provided based on a historical default ratio. For receivables classified as "doubtful," etc., it is provided based on individual assessment on the

probability of collection.

Provision for warranties for completed

construction

In order to prepare for the costs of repairs for damages related to completed construction work for which the Company is responsible, the provision is provided based on

past warranty experience.

Provision for loss on construction contracts

In order to prepare for future losses related to the construction contracts in process, the provision is provided based on estimated amount which will probably be incurred

and which can be reasonably estimated.

Provision for directors' bonuses

Provision for retirement benefits

In order to prepare for directors' bonuses, the provision is provided based on the estimated payment of the fiscal year. In order to prepare for employees' retirement benefits, the provision is provided based on estimated benefit obligations and the fair value of plan assets at the end of fiscal year.

- 1) Method of attributing the projected benefit obligations to periods of service In calculating the retirement benefit obligations, the benefit formula basis is used to allocate the projected retirement benefits to the years of service up to the end of
- 2) Amortization method for actuarial differences and prior service costs

Actuarial differences are amortized using the straight-line method over a certain period of time (10 years) within the average remaining service period of employees from the following fiscal year of accrual.

Prior service costs are amortized using the straight-line method over a certain period of time (10 years) within the average remaining service period of employees from the fiscal year of accrual.

Provision for share-based remuneration for directors

In order to prepare for share-based remuneration to executive directors upon their retirements, the estimated amount of provision for share-based obligation as of the fiscal year end is provided based on the regulation of sharebased remuneration for directors.

(4) Accounting standards for revenues and expenses

The details of the main performance obligations in the major businesses related to revenue from contracts with customers and the timing at which the Company typically satisfies these performance obligations (when it typically recognizes revenue) are as follows:

the fiscal year.

1) Construction contracts, etc.

In the green technology system business and the paint finishing system business, performance obligations for construction contracts, etc. mainly involving design, supervision, and installation are deemed to be satisfied over time, and revenue is recognized based on progress toward complete satisfaction of a performance obligation.

The progress of satisfaction of performance obligations in revenue recognition over time is measured by the ratio of incurred costs to estimated total costs (input methods). In addition, revenue is recognized by cost recovery method in case incurred costs are expected to be recoverable though the progress of satisfaction of performance obligations cannot be reasonably measured.

2) Sales of equipment and materials

In the green technology system business and the paint finishing system business, performance obligations for sales of equipment and materials are deemed to be satisfied at a point in time, and revenue is recognized when products are delivered.

(5) Other important matters for presenting the Non-consolidated Financial Statements

Methods of hedge accounting

Method of hedge accounting
 Accounted for using the deferral method of accounting.
 With regard to forward exchange contracts that meet the requirements for deferral hedge accounting, deferral hedge accounting is applied.

2) Hedging instruments and hedged items

Hedging instruments Forward exchange contracts,

and non-deliverable forwards

(NDF)

Hedged items Foreign currency receivables,

foreign currency payables and future transactions in foreign

currency

3) Hedging policy

The Company uses forward exchange contracts not for the purpose of speculation but for hedging future risks of fluctuation of foreign currency exchange rates.

4) Assessment of hedge effectiveness
As forward exchange contracts in the same currency are used for forward exchange transactions, the correlation to subsequent exchange rate fluctuations is completely ensured. Accordingly, evaluation of hedge effectiveness is omitted.

Accounting procedure for retirement benefits

Accounting procedures for unrecognized actuarial differences and unrecognized prior service costs relative to retirement benefits differ from those applied in the consolidated financial statements.

# [Notes regarding Change in Accounting Policy]

The "Implementation Guidance on Accounting Standard for Fair Value Measurement" (ASBJ Guidance No. 31, June 17, 2021) has been applied from the beginning of the fiscal year ended March 31, 2023. In accordance with the transitional treatment prescribed in Paragraph 27-2 of the Implementation Guidance on Accounting Standard for Fair Value Measurement, the Company has decided to apply the new accounting policies set forth by the Implementation Guidance on Accounting Standard for Fair Value Measurement to the future. This change has no impact on the Non-consolidated Financial Statements.

# [Notes regarding Accounting Estimates]

- 1. Estimate of percentage of completion in construction contracts, etc. in which revenue is recognized over time
- (1) Amount recorded on Non-consolidated Financial Statements for this fiscal year Net sales of completed construction contracts ¥131,481 million
- (2) Information on details of important accounting estimates concerning items identified

  This note is omitted, as the same information has been stated in "Notes regarding Accounting Estimates" in
  in Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.
- 2. Valuation of shares of subsidiaries and associates
- (1) Amount recorded on Non-consolidated Financial Statements for this fiscal year Shares of subsidiaries and associates ¥15,895 million
- (2) Information on details of important accounting estimates concerning items identified
  In the valuation of shares of subsidiaries and associates that do not have market prices, the Company
  recognizes impairment losses when the real value of such shares declines significantly due to deterioration
  in the financial condition of the subsidiaries and associates, and when the recoverability of such shares is
  not sufficiently supported by consideration of the business plans of the subsidiaries and associates.

For shares acquired reflecting excess earning power, the actual value reflects such excess earning power, and if excess earning power is determined to have decreased as a result of consideration of the business plans, the actual value reflects such decrease.

Certain assumptions are made regarding the business plans of subsidiaries and associates with respect to the market environment and other factors of each company. These assumptions are determined at the discretion of management based on the best estimates. However, as they may be affected by the results of fluctuations, etc. of uncertain economic conditions in the future, if they have to be reviewed, there may be a material impact on the Non-consolidated Financial Statements.

#### [Notes to Non-consolidated Balance Sheet]

1. Accumulated depreciation

Property, plant and equipment

¥3,492 million

¥2,287 million

2. Guarantee obligations

The Company guarantees loans payable, etc., made by its subsidiaries and associates under agreements concluded with financial institutions.

	(Millions of yen)
TKS Industrial Company	119
Taikisha (Singapore) Pte. Ltd.	560
Taikisha (Thailand) Co., Ltd.	112
P.T. Taikisha Indonesia Engineering	146
Taikisha Vietnam Engineering Inc.	479
Taikisha Engineering (M) Sdn. Bhd.	105
Taikisha (Taiwan) Ltd.	1,957
Tianjin Taikisha Paint Finishing System Ltd.	11
Taikisha Korea Ltd.	668
Taikisha Engineering India Private Ltd.	3,617
Tianjin Dongchum-Taiki Metal Finishing & Conveyor System Manufacturing Co.,	484
Ltd.	
Total	8,264
3. Monetary receivables from and payables to subsidiaries and associates	
Short-term monetary receivables	¥3,288 million
Long-term monetary receivables	¥390 million

# Short-term monetary payables

[Notes to Non-consolidated Statement of Income]
1. Transactions with subsidiaries and associates

	(Millions of yen)
Net sales of completed construction contracts	3,240
Cost of sales of completed construction contracts	4,453
Transactions other than operating transactions (for revenue)	2,465
Transactions other than operating transactions (for expenses)	250

2. Provision for loss on construction contracts included in the cost of sales of completed construction contracts was ¥10 million.

# [Note to Non-consolidated Statement of Changes in Net Assets]

Type and number of treasury shares as of the fiscal year end

Common shares

380,689 shares

(Note) The number of treasury shares as of the fiscal year end includes 120,700 shares held by Custody Bank of Japan, Ltd. (Trust E Account) as the trust assets of Board Benefit Trust (BBT).

# [Note regarding Tax Effect Accounting]

Breakdown by cause of deferred tax assets and liabilities

	(Millions of yen)
Deferred tax assets:	
Allowance for doubtful accounts	153
Provision for warranties for completed construction	51
Provision for loss on construction contracts	40
Provision for retirement benefits	42
Employee pension trust, investment securities	352
Accrued enterprise taxes	113
Accrued bonuses	1,506
Loss on valuation of investment securities	123
Loss on valuation of shares of subsidiaries and associates	1,417
Loss on valuation of golf club membership	56
Valuation difference on available-for-sale securities	42
Others	593
Subtotal	4,492
Valuation allowance	(1,848)
Total deferred tax assets	2,643
Deferred tax liabilities:	
Prepaid pension cost	(2,055)
Valuation difference on available-for-sale securities	(4,680)
Others	(44)
Total deferred tax liabilities	(6,780)
Net deferred tax liabilities	(4,137)

# [Notes regarding Transactions with Related Parties]

Subsidiaries

(Millions of yen)

Category	Name of company, etc.	Percentage of voting rights, etc., held (or held of the Company)	Relationship with related party	Transaction details	Transaction amount	Account title	Fiscal year- end balance
Subsidiary	Taikisha (Taiwan) Ltd.	Direct holding 100.00%	Concurrently held Officers' posts; Financial support; Ordering to the Company for part of construction work	Guarantee of debt <sup>(note)</sup>	1,957	_	_
Subsidiary	Taikisha Engineering India Private Ltd.	Direct holding 57.89%	Concurrently held Officers' posts; Financial support; Ordering to the Company for part of construction work	Guarantee of debt <sup>(note)</sup>	3,617	_	_

Transaction conditions and decision policy thereof:

# [Notes regarding Revenue Recognition]

Useful information in understanding revenue from contracts with customers is omitted, as the same information has been stated in "Notes regarding Revenue Recognition" in Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.

<sup>(</sup>Note) Consists of the guarantee for loans payable at said subsidiary and the performance guarantee to the customers of said subsidiary.

# [Notes regarding Per-Share Information]

Net assets per share
 Basic earnings per share
 ¥3,106.84
 ¥253.26

# [Note regarding Significant Subsequent Events]

Not applicable.

# [Other Notes]

(Note regarding Transactions of Delivering the Company's Own Stock to Employees, etc., through Trusts) With regard to "Note regarding Transactions of Delivering the Company's Own Stock to Employees, etc., through Trusts," it is omitted since the same content is stated in "Other Notes" under Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.

(Introduction of Board Benefit Trust (BBT) for Executive Directors, etc.)

With regard to "Note regarding Transactions of Delivering the Company's Own Stock to Executive Directors, etc. through Trusts," it is omitted since the same content is stated in "Other Notes" under Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.

[Audit & Supervisory Board Audit Report]

# **Audit Report**

(English Translation)

Regarding the performance of duties by the Directors for the 78th fiscal year from April 1, 2022, to March 31, 2023, the Audit & Supervisory Board hereby submits its Audit Report, which has been prepared upon careful consideration based on the audit report prepared by each Audit & Supervisory Board Member.

- 1. Summary of Auditing Methods by the Audit & Supervisory Board Members and Audit & Supervisory Board (1) The Audit & Supervisory Board established auditing policies, allocation of duties, and other relevant matters for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2022, and received reports from each Audit & Supervisory Board Member regarding his or her audits and results thereof, as well as received reports from the Directors, other relevant personnel and the Accounting Auditor regarding performance of their duties, and requested explanations as necessary.
  - (2) Each Audit & Supervisory Board Member complied with the audit standard stipulated by the Audit & Supervisory Board, followed the auditing policies, allocation of duties and other relevant matters for the fiscal year, communicated with the Directors, the Internal Audit Department, other employees and any other relevant personnel by utilizing means such as telephone lines and the internet, and made efforts to prepare the environment for information collection and audits, and conducted the audit in the following manners.
    - 1) Each Audit & Supervisory Board Member attended the meetings of the Board of Directors and other important meetings, received reports from the Directors, employees and other relevant personnel regarding performance of their duties, requested explanations as necessary, examined important authorized documents and associated information, and studied the operations and financial positions of the head office, as well as of principal branch offices, branches and business offices.

      With respect to subsidiaries, each Audit & Supervisory Board Member communicated and exchanged information with Directors, Statutory Auditors and other relevant personnel of several major subsidiaries, and received reports as necessary from major subsidiaries, including those overseas, on their operations.
    - 2) With respect to the contents of resolutions of the Board of Directors regarding the improvement of the system stipulated in Article 100, Paragraphs 1 and 3 of the Ordinance for Enforcement of the Companies Act, which is considered necessary pursuant to the System to Ensure that Directors and Employees of the Company Conform to Laws and Regulations and Articles of Incorporation and the System to Ensure the Appropriateness of Operations conducted by the Corporate Group Consisting of the Company and its Subsidiaries in the Business Report, as well as to the systems (internal control system) that have been improved based on such resolutions, each Audit & Supervisory Board Member received regular reports from Directors, employees and other relevant personnel with regard to the improvement and operational status of said systems, requested explanations as necessary and expressed opinions, in accordance with the "Audit Standards for Audit & Supervisory Board Members Regarding the Internal Control System" and the "Checklist for the Internal Control System Audit," which were stipulated through consultations among all the Audit & Supervisory Board Members.
    - 3) Each Audit & Supervisory Board Member monitored and verified whether the Accounting Auditor maintained their independence and implemented appropriate audits, as well as received reports from the Accounting Auditor regarding the performance of their duties and requested explanations as necessary. In addition, each Audit & Supervisory Board Member received notice from the Accounting Auditor that the "system for ensuring that duties are performed properly" (matters set forth in each item of Article 131 of the Ordinance for Corporate Accounting) had been prepared in accordance with the "Product Quality Management Standards Regarding Audits" (issued by the Business Accounting Council on October 28, 2005) and other relevant standards, and requested explanations as necessary. Regarding key audit matters, each Audit & Supervisory Board Member held discussions with the Accounting Auditor, received reports regarding the state of implementation of the audit, and requested explanations as necessary.

Based on the above methods, we examined the Business Report and the accompanying supplementary schedules, Non-consolidated Financial Statements (Non-consolidated Balance Sheet, Non-consolidated Statement of Income, Non-consolidated Statement of Changes in Net Assets, and Notes to Non-consolidated Financial Statements) and the accompanying supplementary schedules, as well as the Consolidated Financial

Statements (Consolidated Balance Sheet, Consolidated Statement of Income, Consolidated Statement of Changes in Net Assets and Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements), all of which pertain to the fiscal year.

# 2. Results of Audit

- (1) Results of Audit of Business Report and Other Relevant Documents
  - 1) In our opinion, the Business Report and the accompanying supplementary schedules are in accordance with the related laws, regulations and the Articles of Incorporation, and fairly present the Company's condition.
  - 2) We have found no evidence of wrongful action or material violation of related laws and regulations, nor of any violation with respect to the Articles of Incorporation, related to performance of duties by the Directors.
  - 3) In our opinion, the contents of the resolutions of the Board of Directors related to the internal control system are fair and reasonable. In addition, we have found no matters on which to remark regarding the description in the Business Report and the performance of duties by the Directors related to such internal control system.
- (2) Results of Audit of Non-consolidated Financial Statements and the Accompanying Supplementary Schedules
  - In our opinion, the methods and results employed and rendered by A&A Partners are fair and reasonable.
- (3) Results of Audit of Consolidated Financial Statements
  In our opinion, the methods and results employed and rendered by A&A Partners are fair and reasonable.

May 15, 2023

# Taikisha Ltd. Audit & Supervisory Board

Audit & Supervisory Board Member (Full-time) (Outside)	Toshiyuki Hanazawa (seal)
Audit & Supervisory Board Member (Full time)	Makoto Wakida (seal)
Audit & Supervisory Board Member (Full time)	Hiroyuki Matsunaga (seal)
Audit & Supervisory Board Member (Outside)	Shigeo Kobayashi (seal)
Audit & Supervisory Board Member (Outside)	Nobuyuki Soda (seal)